

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

Single Copies 5 Cents.

VOLUME 24.

CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, DEC. 20, 1894.

NUMBER 17.

New Goods. New Prices. DRY GOODS

AT

Lower Prices than you have ever Bought Them

New 45-inch Serges, in all colors, marked 50 cents. You will find the same class of goods in old stocks marked \$1.00.

All wool Cashmere Dress Goods, all colors, marked 35 and 40 cents. You will find them in old stocks marked 75 cents.

All colors in the new Covert Suitings. Prices from 40 to 85 cents.

All wool Novelties at from 40 to 60 cents. Equal in quality to any goods ever offered before this season at \$1.00.

Take Your Choice.

You can go for Dry Goods where they are advertising to go out of business, and pay war time prices for old goods, or you can

Buy New Goods in Chelsea

At prices that you can afford to pay.

Thousands

Are weekly giving evidence to the fact, by their purchases, that where they have New Goods is where they have the bargains.

W. P. SCHENK & CO.

Highest Market Price allowed for Butter, Eggs and Dried Apples.

HEADQUARTERS FOR SANTA CLAUS.

Old Santa Claus has loaded us down with every thing that Heart could wish for in the shape of Christmas Presents.

For the Children we have toys, dolls and Books in endless variety.

For larger folks we have fancy plush and celluloid frames, albums, collar and cuff boxes, toilet sets, jewel and perfume cases, fancy china and Baskets.

FURNITURE !!

That is where we take the cake.

We have the largest and best stock to select from ever brought to Chelsea. Rockers from 50 cents to \$15.00. Book-cases, Sideboards and Parlor Furniture, at prices lower than ever known.

We have something special to offer in Solid Steel Skates at 33 cents per pair. Granite and plated ware, cutlery, hand sleds, jewelry, hanging and vase lamps, and crockery, at reduced prices.

HOAG & HOLMES.

Special Until Christmas:

Pure Stick Candy, 8 Cents per pound.
Pure Mixed Candy, 7 Cents per pound.
Full line of Fine Candies at Lowest Prices.
Special Prices on Bedroom Suits.

Officers Elected.

R. P. Carpenter Post, No. 41, at its regular meeting Dec. 12, 1894, elected the following officers for the coming year.
Commander—J. D. Schnaitman.
Senior Vice Com.—W. Yocum.
Junior Vice Com.—Thos. Jackson.
Officer of the Day—J. F. Harrington.
Officer of the Guard—H. McCall.
Quartermaster—John Strable.
Chaplain—Irving Storms.
Sergeant—J. Waltrous.

The Woman's Relief Corps of R. P. Carpenter Post, G. A. R., held their annual election of officers last week with the following result:

Pres.—Mrs. A. A. VanTyne.
S. V.—Mrs. R. Green.
J. V.—Mrs. A. Chapman.
Treas.—Mrs. J. A. Palmer.
Sec.—Mrs. Thos. Wilkinson.
Chap.—Mrs. D. H. Fuller.
Con.—Mrs. W. Cushman.
Guard.—Mrs. L. Conk.

At the regular meeting of the A. O. U. W. at their hall Monday evening the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

Master Workman—Geo. Ward.
General Foreman—E. D. Lane.
Overseer—C. Steinbach.
Recorder—D. B. Taylor.
Financier—C. E. Babcock.
Receiver—H. S. Holmes.
Guide—J. W. Rheinfrank.
Inside Watch—E. McCarter.
Outside Watch—G. Hutael.
Trustee—H. S. Holmes.
Rep. to Grand Lodge—D. B. Taylor.
Alternate—Geo. Ward.
Med. Ex.—Dr. R. McColgan.

Gymnasium and Reading Room.

The project of establishing a gymnasium and reading room for the young men of Chelsea has been talked of, committees have discussed the matter, and the Young People's Society of the Congregational church has voted to join in the effort for its establishment.

The following scheme of regulations has been drawn up as a provisional one.

1. The design of the Chelsea Gymnasium and Reading Room is the physical, mental and moral development of the young men of Chelsea.

2. All young men may enjoy its privileges subject to the following conditions:

First. They shall be at least fourteen years of age.

Second. They shall subscribe to the regulations.

Third. Each one using it shall pay twenty-five cents every three months.

3. An executive committee, consisting of one from each of the churches supporting it, and an equal number chosen semi-annually by the members, shall have charge of the rooms, make all necessary provisions for support, and shall perform such other duties as are necessary.

4. The room shall be sustained by voluntary contribution and by the quarterly fees of members.

5. During the hours when the room is open it shall be in the charge of some person appointed by the Executive Committee.

6. It shall be open each evening during the week from seven till ten, and the Reading Room on Sunday afternoon and evening, except during the hours of church service.

7. Smoking, playing games of chance, profanity, and all ungentlemanly conduct, shall not be allowed. Any violation of this rule shall forfeit the privilege of the rooms.

8. Any member may invite any gentleman friend to visit the room in his company, provided he becomes personally responsible for his conduct while there.

A Household Treasure.

D. W. Fuller, of Canajoharie, N. Y., says that he always keeps Dr. King's New Discovery in the house and his family has always found the very best results follow its use; that he would not be without it, if procurable. G. A. Dykeman, Druggist, Catskill, N. Y., says that Dr. King's New Discovery is undoubtedly the best Cough remedy; that he has used it in his family for eight years, and it has never failed to do all that is claimed for it. Why not try a remedy so long tried and tested. Trial bottles free at F. P. Glazier & Co's Drug Store. Regular size 50c, and \$1.00.

GET READY

FOR

Santa Claus!

The old fellow will be here next Tuesday without a doubt, and while you are waiting drop into

Glazier's Store

And select some presents for your friends and relatives. We are headquarters and can certainly please you with something.

Now is the Time,

And this is the place to buy the newest and the latest in

- FANCY - GOODS, - Jewelry and Silverware,

Beautiful presents in plush and celluloid, albums, toilet cases, shaving sets, etc. Silver cake baskets, castors, pickle dishes, knives and forks, etc. We carry the largest and best assortment of rings, chains, pins, etc., at the lowest prices of any firm in this vicinity. Don't buy a watch without calling on us, as we can positively save you money. A gold filled case, guaranteed for 15 years, with a 7 jewel Elgin movement, for \$12.75.

FANCY CROCKERY AND BOOKS.

Make your selections of fancy crockery from our large assortment of plates, water sets, bone dishes, cups and saucers, etc. We have a fine line of

STORY BOOKS

At all prices, and also a large assortment of standard works, poems, etc. We are closing out about 75 cloth bound books at 10 cents each.

OUR

Christmas Pie Is Cut,

And is being rapidly reduced by the hundreds of boys and girls that flock to our store. This pie is made for the children of

Regular Patrons and Holiday Customers.

And will be open till next Monday night to all children under twelve when accompanied by either parent.

Banquet and Stand Lamps.

We have a large assortment of the latest styles in lamps, and are selling them at prices you can afford.

Good Mixed Candy 6c per pound.

Choicest Mixed Nuts, 10c per pound.

Fine Florida Oranges.

Roasted Peanuts, 8c per pound.

Pop Corn Balls, Candy, Figs and Dates, etc.

We will do better by you in quality and price than any one else.

Yours for X-mas Bargains,

F. P. Glazier & Co.

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Proceedings of the Second Session.

A RESOLUTION was offered in the senate on the 10th calling on the president to begin negotiations to secure the independence of Cuba. Senator Morgan spoke in favor of the Nicaragua canal bill. In the house bills were introduced to annex that portion of Arizona north of the Colorado river to Utah; to prohibit the printing of any words or devices upon the American flag by individuals, and to provide for the settlement of labor troubles by arbitration.

On the 11th Senator Morrill (Vt.) spoke at length in the senate in opposition to various financial measures introduced by Senator Peffer (Kan.) providing for the issuance of large sums of greenbacks. The Nicaragua canal bill was further discussed. In the house the bill amending the interstate commerce act to permit of railroad pooling was passed by a vote of 166 to 110.

In the senate on the 15th an unsuccessful attempt to secure consideration of the bill to strike out the differential duty on sugar and a resolution for the amendment of the rules was also defeated. A bill was introduced providing for the abolition of the death penalty in the army and navy except in cases of murder, rape, desertion to the enemy in time of war and aggravated mutiny. Bills were passed granting pensions of \$100 per month to Mary Palmer Banks, Mrs. Katharine Todd Crittenden and Maj. Gen. A. McClelland. In the house consideration of the urgency deficiency bill was begun and a motion to strike out the appropriation for the collection of the income tax was defeated.

A BILL was introduced in the senate on the 15th, directing the secretary of the treasury to refund to the Citizens' bank of Louisiana money taken by union soldiers during the war. The bill for the establishment of a university of the United States at Washington was discussed. In the house the urgency deficiency, fortifications and military academy appropriation bills were passed and the pension bill (\$141,381,570) was discussed. The post office appropriation bill (\$89,442,897) was reported.

THE senate was not in session on the 14th. In the house the pension appropriation bill was passed. The evening session was devoted to the consideration of private pension bills and the house adjourned over until the 17th.

DOMESTIC.

THE Southern Magazine company at Louisville, Ky., made an assignment. Gen. Basil Duke was editor of the magazine.

A ROCK ISLAND train was held up near Wichita, Kan., and the passengers were relieved of their valuables and the express car looted.

DAVID SPRAGG, a wealthy farmer near Ridgeway, Mo., cut the throats of his wife and three children, wounded two others and killed himself. He was thought to have been insane.

A MAN supposed to be Samuel C. Seely, the absconding bookkeeper of the Shoe and Leather bank of New York, was arrested in Chicago.

JUDGE DALE, chief justice of the supreme court of Oklahoma, decided that colored children must be allowed to attend white schools.

GEORGE BRUNSEN, Charles Smith and Lee Brown, three of the notorious Meachamite gang in Clarke county, Mo., were hanged by a mob.

RECENT rains have broken the worst and the longest drought ever experienced in the Ohio valley.

BIRGE's wall paper factory in Buffalo, N. Y., was destroyed by fire, the loss being estimated at \$250,000.

ROBERT WEBSTER, an aged farmer living near South Haven, Mich., set fire to his barn and shot the eyes out of a neighbor who liberated the animals in it.

THE Commercial bank at St. Joseph, Mo., failed for \$270,000; assets, \$325,000.

DANIEL MOBLEY, a farmer near Columbus, Ind., married his 16-year-old daughter Ethel.

ETTSSELL ADAMS, a N. C. in a fit of insanity shot and killed his wife and daughter and then killed himself.

THE steamer Senadoah took from Newport News, Va., to Liverpool 300 bushels of oysters, the first ever sent from this country to England.

THE common pleas court at Salem, O., issued an order changing the name of the village of New Lisbon to Lisbon.

JESSE FIELDS, on trial for murder at Hazard, Ky., fired at Judge Hall and during the excitement escaped with his two fellow prisoners.

MASKED men looted the depot and express office at Woodfield, O., after fatally beating John Heck, Jr., the agent.

THE City national bank at Quanah, Tex., closed its doors.

LEE county railroad bonds for \$10,000, forty years old, were found in a corner stone of a building at Fort Madison, Ia.

TEN persons were bitten by a mad dog at Mount Vernon, O.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND transmitted to the senate the correspondence relative to the Armenian outrages, together with a letter from Secretary Gresham.

MASKED men lynched William Dean, an Indian, at Fort Jones, Cal., for killing Constable Dixon.

GRUB KENNEDY, who is to be hanged at Jasper, Tenn., for murder, was married in jail to Martha Taylor.

THE president issued an order extending the civil service law and rules to the internal revenue service.

A TORNADO struck Forsythe, Ga., demolished a church and several stores and residences and injured a number of persons.

MRS. IDA NELSON drowned her two children and herself at Omaha, Neb. W. H. PRICE, a prominent Cleveland business man, was killed by burglars whom he discovered at work in his home.

THE Dale, one of the oldest and most historic vessels of the navy, was ordered out of commission.

W. M. CONNOR, of Indianapolis, and W. B. SIMPSON, of Holden, Mo., died from grief at the wayward actions of their sons.

HERBERT DOGGETT, a prominent lawyer of Kansas City, committed suicide by shooting himself through the heart.

DELEGATES from thirty-five Indiana cities assembled at Indianapolis to form an organization to develop the resources of the state.

A SIOUX CITY & PACIFIC railroad train ran through a herd of cattle near Sioux City, Ia., and killed twenty-two.

FRANK ROWLEY, of Wisconsin, has been granted a patent upon an express car calculated to withstand the assaults of train robbers.

THE appellate court of Illinois decided that any manufactory that menaces the health of the community is a nuisance.

THE Meadowcroft brothers were found guilty of illegal banking in Chicago and sentenced each to one year in the penitentiary.

PHILIP CROW, a Kansas City bartender, killed his wife and then committed suicide.

FRANK A. MCKEAN, cashier of the Indian Head national bank at Nashua, N. H., was missing, and was supposed to be a defaulter to the amount of at least \$30,000.

THE National Civil Service Reform league in session in Chicago, reelected Carl Schurz as president.

A FIRE at Evergreen, Ala., destroyed twelve stores, post office, hotel and livery stable, the loss being \$100,000.

A LONE highwayman held up the stage 8 miles from Fort Thomas, A. T., and secured the mail-pouch, supposed to contain a large sum.

THE Kearney (Neb.) national bank closed its doors with liabilities of about \$125,000.

EDDY LEONERT, of Buffalo, N. Y., reduced Johnson's straightaway mile road bicycle record to 1:35 and the unpaced mile to 1:52 3/4.

A NEGRO who murdered a boy near Williamson, S. C., was taken from the custody of an officer and lynched by a mob.

CHICAGO detectives working in Michigan claimed to have unearthed a scheme whereby graves were robbed and coffins sold again.

THE winter race meeting which opened at Birmingham, Ala., ten days ago has collapsed on account of a lack of patronage.

THE officers of various rival companies formed a combination at Toledo, O., to fight the Standard Oil trust.

MR. AND MRS. BARRY, living on a farm near Adelia, N. J., were tarred and feathered by masked men.

OWING to the mistake of a drug clerk in Muncie, Ind., two persons were poisoned and narrowly escaped death.

UNITED STATES troops were patrolling the Fort Meade military reservation in South Dakota to prevent further depredations by timber thieves.

GIDEON W. LATIMER, Jr., of Lynn, Mass., was shot and fatally wounded by Maud Brewer for transferring his affections to another woman.

TWO-THIRDS of the business portion of Gallop, N. M., was burned.

MARTIN ROBB, of Fayette, Mo., suspected of illicit relations with his niece, was whipped and driven from town by white caps.

MRS. AMELIE WESTERGAARD, widow of Lars Westergaard, committed suicide at her home in Philadelphia because of excessive grief over the death of her husband.

A GRAND jury indicted thirty-six prominent men of Murray county, Ga., for white capping.

EXCHANGES at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 14th aggregated \$1,019,059,669, against \$1,163,208,848, the previous week. The increase, compared with the corresponding week in 1893, was 12.6.

ALEC WILLIAMS, a negro, was hanged at Elberton, Ga., for the murder of Newt Hampton last July.

JOSEPH TRUSKEY was hanged at Sandwich, Ont., for the murder of William Lindsay on May 3 last.

JUDGE WOODS, in Chicago, sentenced Eugene V. Debs, the leader of the American Railway union strike, to six months, and G. W. Howard, S. Kellier, L. W. Rogers, M. J. Elliott, James Hogan and William Burns to three months in the county jail for violating an injunction.

THE trial of white caps in Atlanta, Ga., developed the fact that a far-reaching Ku-Klux organization exists in the state.

THERE were 349 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 14th, against 383 the week previous and 339 in the corresponding time in 1893.

THE courthouse at Lewiston, Ill., together with judgment records extending back ten years, was totally destroyed by fire.

ISAAC BRIDGES, a lovesick youth of Terre Haute, Ind., shot Mrs. Joseph Montgomery, who had interfered with his match.

JAMES VIVIAN, a resident of South Fork, Pa., fatally wounded his wife and sister-in-law, Miss L. Draden, and then cut his own throat, dying instantly.

A CYCLONE which swept over Little Will's valley, near Atlanta, Ga., killed George Stovall and a negro child and wrecked two dozen dwellings.

DANIEL M. ROBERTSON was hanged at New Bedford, Mass., for murdering his wife on September 9, 1893.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

MRS. LUCY EDWARDS, a colored woman 120 years old, died at Springfield, Ill.

EX-GOV. TILMAN was elected United States senator from South Carolina, receiving 131 out of 155 votes cast.

EDWIN U. CURTIS (rep.) was elected mayor of Boston by a plurality of 2,400.

NATHAN BARNES GREELEY, the last surviving brother of Horace Greeley, died at the old Greeley homestead in the town of Wayne, Erie county, Pa., aged 83 years.

GAUL, one of the noted Sioux chiefs, died at the Standing Rock agency in South Dakota. He was next to Sitting Bull in rank as a chief.

MISS MARY STEWART SHERMAN, the only daughter of the Ohio senator, was married in Washington to James L. MacCallum.

LEWIS T. IVES, the well-known portrait painter, died at his home in Detroit, Mich., aged 61 years.

GEN. JOSIAH PORTER died in New York, aged 61 years.

FOREIGN.

LATER advices say that the Japanese troops that entered Port Arthur November 21 massacred practically the entire population in cold blood.

THE Ontario malleable iron works at Oshawa, Ont., were destroyed by fire, the loss being \$120,000.

THE British government decided to send an independent delegation to investigate the Turkish atrocities in Armenia.

An earthquake shook killed 200 persons near Messina, Italy.

THE island of Anbrym, New Hebrides, was destroyed by volcanic action and all the inhabitants of a native village were swept into the sea.

NEWFOUNDLAND'S ministry resigned owing to the financial crisis.

SIR JOHN THOMPSON, the premier of Canada, died suddenly at Windsor castle, England, where he had been sworn in as a member of the privy council.

M. DE VILERS, special envoy of France, was reported to have declared war against Madagascar.

A BAND of twenty Yaqui Indians visited the ranch of Ruiz Boreana, near Herminillo, Mexico, and massacred four cowboys.

ISLANDS in the New Hebrides group were devastated by a volcano, one village of seventy-five persons being destroyed.

JAPAN insists on humbling China completely before entertaining any proposals looking to a cessation of hostilities.

THE damage by the recent earthquake to the cathedral at the City of Mexico was estimated at \$300,000.

LATER.

MRS. WINSLOW SHEARMAN and her daughter, Mrs. Clinton Davis, were murdered near Jamestown, N. Y., by unknown persons while Mr. Shearman was attending the funeral of his son and daughter-in-law, who were killed by a train.

ANDY BOWEN died from the injuries he received in the fight with George Lavigne in New Orleans.

THE Easterly Harvesting company at Minneapolis made an assignment with liabilities of \$339,742; claimed assets \$385,013.

GENERAL rains fell throughout Nebraska, the first time since July 3.

THE house committee decided, by a vote of 9 to 8, to favorably report Secretary Carlisle's plan for currency reform.

DR. JOHN LORD, historian and lecturer, died at his home in Stamford, Conn.

THE remains of Count Ferdinand de Lesseps were interred in the Church of St. Pierre de Chaillot, just outside of Paris.

THE failure of the Union Building and Savings company of Des Moines caught Burlington (Ia.) people for about \$200,000.

MR. AND MRS. DAVID SLOCUM, of Edinboro, Pa., were beaten by masked burglars and robbed of \$10,000.

THE Woonsocket bank at Woonsocket, S. D., went into voluntary liquidation.

IN navigating the great lakes the past season sixty sailors were lost, and thirty-eight vessels with an aggregate tonnage of 13,381 tons passed out of existence.

TWO YOUNG daughters of Rev. Solomon Beckerman, of Cleveland, O., were burned to death in their home.

ROBERT LOUIS STEVENSON, the novelist, died in Samoa, where he had lived for several years, aged 44 years.

MRS. BELLE PARKER, who was 6 feet high and weighed 455 pounds, died suddenly of heart disease in Danville, Ill.

JOHN HALL and his wife, New York actors, were asphyxiated, Hall having turned the gas on while he was drunk.

JAMES GIFFELAN, chief justice of the supreme court of Minnesota since 1869, died at St. Paul, aged 65 years.

TEN men were injured, several fatally, by an explosion of gas in the Vulcan mine at Newcastle, O.

JOHN HUNTINGTON, suspected of embezzling from the Citizens' state bank of Council Bluffs, Ia., wounded two inspectors sent to examine his accounts and killed himself.

The Agnostic.

I do not know where heaven may be,
When parted from the girl I love;
There's naught about that's sweet to see,
And the dim clouds hang low above.
When she I love is far from me
I do not know where heaven may be.

To solve the mystery of life
In vain I try when she's away.
Then these few years of wrong and strife
Seem useless; and the flinty way
We tread with tears and gloom is rife.
When she's away, what use is life?

But when I'm with her, then I know
That heaven is shining in her eyes;
That life is given me to go
Holding the little hand I prize.
Life's purpose then is plain to me
Nor do I doubt where heaven may be.

—N. Y. Recorder.

"Good afternoon, Mrs. Northside," said the caller, rising to his feet as the mistress of the house entered the parlor. "Oh, Mr. Birmingham," replied the lady, "why didn't you send up your name? The maid said a gentleman asked to see me, and here it is only you!" — Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

A Child Enjoys

The pleasant flavor, gentle action and soothing effect of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative, and if the father or mother be constipated or bilious, the most gratifying results follow its use; so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle.

ST. JACOBS OIL
CURES PAIN
ONLY A RUB TO MAKE YOU WELL AGAIN
OF PAINS RHEUMATIC, NEURALGIC, LUMBAGIC AND SCIATIC.

DR. KILMER'S SWAMP ROOT
TRADE MARK
THE GREAT KIDNEY, LIVER AND BLADDER CURE

Pain in the Back
Joins or hips, sediment in urine like brick-dust frequent calls or retention, rheumatism.

Kidney Complaint
Diabetes, dropsy, scanty or high colored urine.

Urinary Troubles
Stinging sensations when voiding, distress pressure in the parts, urethral irritation, stricture.

Disordered Liver
Bloat or dark circles under the eyes, tongue coated, constipation, yellowish eyeballs.

At Druggists, 50 cents and \$1.00 size.
"Invalids' Guide to Health" free—Consultation free.
DR. KILMER & CO., BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

DONALD KENNEDY, of ROXBURY, MASS., Has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple.

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor). He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston. Send postal card for book.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the right quantity is taken.

When the lungs are affected it causes shooting pains, like needles passing through them; the same with the Liver or Bowels. This is caused by the ducts being stopped, and always disappears in a week after taking it. Read the label.

If the stomach is foul or bilious it will cause squeamish feelings at first.

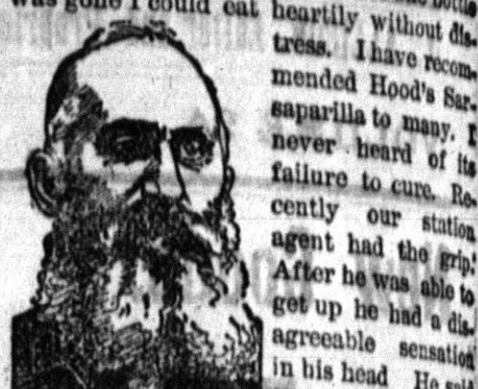
No change of diet ever necessary. Eat the best you can get, and enough of it. Dose, one tablespoonful in water at bedtime. Sold by all Druggists.

DROPSY

Treated free. Positively CURED with Vegetable Remedies. Have cured many thousands of cases rapidly disappear. In ten days at least three-fourths of all symptoms are removed. BOOK of testimonials of miraculous cures sent FREE. TEST DAY TREATMENT FURNISHED FREE by mail. DR. M. L. GREEN & SONS, Specialists, Atlanta, Ga.

Indigestion Cured

"I suffered with indigestion. Food distressed me very much. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla after meals, and before one bottle was gone I could eat heartily without distress. I have recommended Hood's Sarsaparilla to many. I never heard of its failure to cure. Recently our station agent had the grip. After he was able to get up he had a disagreeable sensation in his head. He said it felt as large as a Mr. John Bennett stove and he was unable to perform his duties. He took Hood's Sarsaparilla, and after using one and a half bottles he was fully cured. Truly, there is no humbug about Hood's."



JOHN BENNETT, Sumner, Ind.
This statement is corroborated by Bigney & Co., druggists, Sumner, Ind.
N. B. Be sure to get Hood's because

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, perfectly harmless, always reliable and beneficial.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

WORLD'S FAIR

HIGHEST AWARD

"SUPERIOR NUTRITION—THE LIFE"

IMPERIAL GRANUM

THE GREAT MEDICINAL FOOD

Has justly acquired the reputation of being The Salvator for INVALIDS and The Aged.

AN INCOMPARABLE ALIMENT for the GROWTH and PROTECTION of INFANTS and CHILDREN

A superior nutritive in continued Fevers, And a reliable remedial agent in all gastric and enteric diseases; often in instances of consultation over patients whose digestive organs were reduced to such a low and sensitive condition that the IMPERIAL GRANUM was the only nourishment the stomach would tolerate when LIFE seemed depending on its retention;—

And as a FOOD it would be difficult to conceive of anything more palatable.

Sold by DRUGGISTS. Shipping Depot, JOHN CARLE & SONS, New York.

DIRECTIONS for using CREAM BALM.—Apply a particle of the Balm well up into the nostrils. After a moment draw strong breath through the nose. Use three times a day, after meals preferred, and before retiring.

CATARRH

ELY'S CREAM BALM

Opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation. Heals the Sores, Protects the Membrane from mucus, restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. The Balm is quickly absorbed and gives relief at once.

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 30 cents at Druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

PIANOS. 300,000 OF THESE INSTRUMENTS

Preserve their Superiority! They Always Please. Their durability is proved. You can't buy better. See them or send for Catalogue.

ALL MEN AND BOYS who use Tools should have our Illustrated Tool Catalogue mailed Free. J. STEPHENS, 44 Van Buren St., Chicago. NAME THIS PAPER every time you write.

ESTES' ORGANS.

ALL MEN AND BOYS who use Tools should have our Illustrated Tool Catalogue mailed Free. J. STEPHENS, 44 Van Buren St., Chicago. NAME THIS PAPER every time you write.

\$100 A MONTH. Selling our goods. Mail samples 50c. FIRE ALARM Co., New York. NAME THIS PAPER every time you write.

Are You Fortified?

When you are in a low state of health, and on the verge of illness, there is no nourishment in the world like

Scott's Emulsion

to restore strength. Scott's Emulsion nourishes, strengthens, promotes the making of solid flesh, enriches the blood and tones up the whole system.

For Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Weak Lungs, Consumption, Scrofula, Anemia, Loss of Flesh, Thin Babies, Weak Children, and all conditions of Wasting.

Buy only the genuine! It has our trademark on salmon-colored wrapper.

Send for pamphlet on Scott's Emulsion. FREE. Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All Druggists. 50 cents and \$1.

TRIPLE TRAGEDY.

A Bank Clerk in Council Bluffs, Ia., Accused of Theft.

He Takes His Own Life After Wounding Badly Two Men Engaged in Investigating the Charges Against Him.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Ia., Dec. 17.—John Huntington, remittance clerk in the Citizens' state bank, of this city, shot and seriously wounded F. N. Hayden, of Chicago, and A. Cromwell, of Minneapolis, respectively superintendent and inspector of the Fidelity and Casualty company, of New York city, and then committed suicide by shooting himself through the head Sunday morning at about 11:15 o'clock in the private office of the bank, at the corner of First avenue and Main street.

There was a shortage in the bank accounts of \$500, and this caused the act. The shortage dates from last July. On the 19th of that month four \$500 checks passed into the Citizens' bank. Only three of those checks have ever been accounted for. A most searching investigation was held, and resulted in the production of strong circumstantial evidence that the amount had been misappropriated by Huntington.

Every employee of the bank is under bond signed by the Fidelity & Casualty company, and by instruction of the directors information of the shortage was sent to the company, which sent to this city Mr. F. N. Hayden, of Chicago, and Mr. A. Cromwell, of Minneapolis, to investigate and ascertain the truth. They arrived here Friday and began the investigation. Huntington was the first subject of inquiry. He was called into private interview with the officials of the bank and the representatives of the company. It happened that the shortage occurred the day before Huntington left for a vacation trip last summer, and he was questioned as to the money he spent at the time and where he got it. He stated Saturday that he borrowed it from his sister, but could not remember the amount. He stated that while in New York he gave his brother, whom he was visiting, a check on the Citizens bank for \$40 or \$45.

Soon after gathering at the bank Sunday morning, and while the bond company men and directors were questioning him, Huntington, without a word of warning, walked over to where Cromwell was sitting and shot him. Hayden and Mr. Edmundson at once ran out of the room, as did also Cromwell. Before the inspectors reached the door, however, Huntington emptied three more of the chambers of the revolver into them. He then turned the weapon on himself. The pistol was found lying by his side with all the chambers empty.

F. N. Hayden was seen after the shooting and made the following statement:

"We were sitting in the room questioning Huntington and had asked him some pointed questions which he took exception to and grew quite angry. I was sitting in front of him and Cromwell was to my left in the corner of the room. The questions we asked were not of a nature that accused the man of any crime, but were leading up to it. Suddenly Huntington arose without any indication of what he was going to do. I thought he was going to the toilet room. He walked behind me and turned toward Cromwell, when he quickly pulled his pistol and shot him. I jumped up to run when he turned his weapon on me and shot me in the neck. Cromwell was behind me as we both ran towards the door and protected me in that way. No one in the room had the slightest intimation of what was going to happen and we were not prepared to defend ourselves."

Cromwell was the first man shot, the bullet striking the right side of the neck, passing through behind the windpipe and lodging in the left side of the neck. Huntington then turned his weapon on Hayden, shooting him also in the neck. The bullet narrowly missed the spinal column. Hayden ran out of the door, and Huntington again fired at Cromwell, who threw up his right arm and received the bullet just below his wrist. Both bones of the arm were shattered. As Cromwell succeeded in getting on his feet Huntington fired again, this time striking Cromwell in the fleshy part of the back, and as Cromwell ran for the door a fifth shot grazed the skin on his right side and buried itself in the casing of the door about a foot from the floor. Both men will recover.

Huntington was left alone in the room and all those in the bank succeeded in escaping from the outer door just as the young man placed the revolver to his right temple and fired the last remaining shot into his own brain and fell heavily to the floor with the blood gushing in a stream from a gaping wound.

After the shooting the scene at the bank was a tragic and pathetic one. The family of young Huntington was at once notified, and in a short time the aged father and mother arrived in a carriage. Mrs. Huntington was overwhelmed with grief and desired to go to the room where the youth lay dead on the floor, but friendly hands prevented and she broke down and was taken away. The old father fell on his knees by the side of his suicide son, and clasping one bloodless hand, and in a voice choking with sobs, he prayed such a prayer for forgiveness for his erring son as the walls of churches and sanctuary seldom hear.

BOWEN IS DEAD.

The Unfortunate Pugilist Fails to Recover from Lavigne's Blow.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 17.—Andy Bowen died Saturday morning at 7:15 o'clock while Father Delaney was praying over him. He remained unconscious from the time the fatal blow was landed and was conveyed from his dressing-room at the club to his home on Thalia street near Magazine. The scene at the house this morning was a most pathetic one. Dr. Ed Martin was called in at an early hour and did all that human skill could do to save the life that hung in the balance, but to no avail. The mother of the pugilist when he was carried into the house predicted that he would never recover, while his young wife grew hysterical in her agony. They sat by the side of the unconscious man and wept and prayed as only women can. Bowen's eyes had looked on them for the last time and he never opened his lips. As soon as Bowen had died, a handkerchief was tied gently about his face and a message was sent to the police station, notifying that office of the death of the pugilist, and the police station in turn quickly sent word to the coroner.

Lavigne was not only sorry for Bowen's death, but he was in much apprehension as to what would become of himself. Friends assured him that he would probably have no difficulty in obtaining his release after the usual formalities of the law had been complied with, and that he need have no fear of lack of friends and influence to help him out of his unfortunate dilemma.

Shortly after noon Saturday Lavigne's bail was fixed at \$10,000, which was promptly furnished, and the Saginaw man was liberated. The bail of his colleagues under arrest was fixed at \$5,000 each. Duffy, the referee, and Spitzfaden were the only ones to furnish bond.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 17.—Coroner Lawrason assisted by doctors Denegre, Martin and John Laurens and by a jury of five men held an autopsy on Bowen's body during the day. Verdict was death resulted from concussion of brain. Coroner Lawrason after the inquest said to a reporter that the death of Bowen was probably caused by his head striking the hard floor, for if it was caused by the blow his neck would have been broken.

BURIED IN SAMOA.

Death of Robert L. Stevenson, the Famous Novelist.

AUCKLAND, Dec. 17.—Advices from Apia, Samoa, of the date of December 8, are that the novelist, Robert Louis Stevenson, had died suddenly of apoplexy. His remains were interred on the summit of Pala mountain, 1,300 feet high. At the time of his death Mr. Stevenson had half completed the writing of a new novel. Some time ago Mr. Stevenson, who was suffering from lung trouble, came to the South Pacific for his health. He became enraptured with the Samoan islands and decided to take up his residence and spend the rest of his days there. He took a close interest in Samoan affairs and has written many letters to the newspapers in favor of the natives as against the treaty powers under whose direction the government of the islands is conducted.

[Robert Louis Balfour Stevenson was born in Edinburgh November 13, 1850. He was educated at private schools and at the University of Edinburgh, and was called to the Scottish bar, but traveled and devoted himself to literature. One of his earliest works was an account of his travels in California, but the work which established his reputation as a writer of fiction was "Treasure Island," published in 1883. Among the most popular of his works is "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde," which was dramatized and played at the Lyceum theater in London in 1888 and subsequently in the United States.

Among other of his works may be mentioned the following: "Virginibus Puerisque," a collection of essays; "Familiar Studies of Men and Books," "New Arabian Nights," "Treasure Island," "The Silverado Squatters," "A Child's Garden of Verses," "Prince Otto," "More Arabian Nights," "Kidnapped," a volume of poems in English and Scotch, "Underwoods," "Deacon Brodie," a romantic melodrama; "David Balfour," "The Wrong Box" and "The Ebb Tide."]

KILLED BY THE CARS.

Death in South America of a Noted Bank-Note Designer.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—Information has been received here that David McKee Russell, of this city, who went to Buenos Ayres four years ago under contract with the principal bank-note engraving company of South America, died in that city recently from injuries received by falling under a train of cars. While in Washington Mr. Russell was an employee of the bureau of engraving and printing. He was a man of remarkable mechanical ingenuity, and designed the lathe with which the intricate patterns on all our bank notes were engraved.

SHIPMENT OF GOLD EASTWARD.

Second Largest Consignment Ever Sent Across the Atlantic.

NEW YORK, Dec. 17.—The French line steamship La Champagne, which sailed at 4 p. m. Saturday, carried the second largest shipment of gold ever taken across the Atlantic ocean, \$3,580,500. The largest shipment was made in 1899, and amounted to \$4,700,000. Those who sent the gold are Lazard Freres, \$1,500,000; Heidelbach, Ickelheimer & Co., \$500,000; Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co., \$500,000; Baring, Magoun & Co., \$500,000, and Hooker, Wood & Co., \$580,500.

SIX MONTHS FOR DEBS.

The A. R. U. Leader Receives a Jail Sentence.

Judge Woods Decides Him Guilty of Contempt of Court—His Seven Companions Receive Terms of Three Months Each.

CHICAGO, Dec. 15.—Judge Woods Friday sentenced Eugene V. Debs, the leader of the American Railway union strike, to six months in the county jail, as a punishment for violating the injunction issued by himself and Judge Grosscup July 2 last. To the rest of the men with the exception of McVean he gave three months. In the case of McVean his sentence is suspended. Sentence is not cumulative, covering the cases of the government and the Santa Fe railroad against the men. The same sentence is imposed in each case, but both sentences begin December 24. The defendants are: E. V. Debs, president; G. W. Howard, vice president; Sylvester Kelliher, secretary; L. W. Rogers, M. J. Elliott, James Hogan, William Burns, J. D. McVean, Leroy M. Goodwin. The sentence is generally considered a light one. The case will be appealed.

All of the defendants were in court with the exception of Leroy M. Goodwin, whose whereabouts are not known, and who could not therefore be notified. The contempt for which the defendants were arraigned was a violation of an injunction issued July 2 by Judges Woods and Grosscup, which forbade all men to interfere with trains in any manner whatsoever. It was claimed by the United States district attorney that Debs and the other officers and directors of the American Railway union repeatedly violated this order of the court by issuing directions to their lieutenants all over the country to call out the men and advising the crippling of the complete railroad system of the United States if possible. The defense made was that Debs and his assistants had a right to order strikes and to continue to conduct their side of the fight against the railroads. Judges Woods and Grosscup were both on the bench. The judge skipped the preliminary discussion of the evidence and proceeded to go at once to the heart of the matter. The question of whether or not the court had jurisdiction was first discussed, and this question, after citing numerous authorities, the judge decided in the affirmative. Then the difference between a nuisance and a perpetration, which latter is a particular form of public nuisance, was taken up. He defended the issuance of the injunction on the ground that eminent authorities had decided that the courts had a right to intervene where irreparable damage might result before the ardency of the law could remedy matters. Judge Woods refused to decide whether he had jurisdiction under the interstate commerce act, and took up the Sherman anti-trust law, under which the action against Debs was chiefly based. One of the sections of this law makes it an offense to restrain commerce in any way. The judge decided that United States courts had full jurisdiction under this act to punish all such offenders as the directors of the American Railway union, making a new precedent thereby.

"What the conduct of these men was, is the question to be decided here," said the court. "Did they change their conduct after receiving this injunction, or did they continue to carry on the strike? I think there is no doubt these defendants had power to make the men who looked up to them do as they pleased and that they continued to violate this injunction. I believe the defendants depreciated any extreme violence, but I do not think they opposed such acts as stopping trains, throwing switches or intimidating workmen. These men knew that common laborers would do these things. I am unable to believe they were so ignorant as not to know acts of violence and interruption of traffic would ensue from their directions."

The opinion went on to say that the right to strike peacefully was not questioned, but that if an agreement was entered into to do a thing which could not but result in wrong and illegal acts the agreement was conspiracy and all those party to the original agreement were responsible for the results. The American Railway union, it was stated, entered into a conspiracy on June 23 when it agreed to boycott the Pullman cars. Both officers and men were from that date responsible for all acts which were committed. Debs' utterances not to commit violence were doubted by the court. He did not believe they were sincere. "With all that has been said about the American Railway union keeping guard over property and being the first to arrest offenders," continued the court. The court then reviewed the mass of telegrams in which Debs ordered men out, and declared these were utterly at variance with the statement made in Debs' answer that he took no part in continuing the strike. After thus concluding that there was no doubt that the men as individuals were guilty, Judge Woods said:

"But the point under the Sherman law is whether these men were in conspiracy. If they were, I believe there is no way by which they can escape the moral and legal responsibility for their acts." He then gave it as his opinion that they were and that therefore all the men allied with them were also guilty. The evidence left no feature of the case in doubt. He said: "The court therefore finds the defendants guilty of the offenses as charged in the indictments in both cases, and will fix the punishment the same in both cases, but will not make it cumulative."

All of the defendants present then stood up, so the court could see them. They did not appear to be agitated, and several smiled from time to time. "I think I will suspend any sentence with regard to Mr. McVean. I am of the opinion that Mr. Elliott was actively engaged in this strike. Punishment should not be vindictive; neither should it be trivial. The object of punishment for contempt of court is to prevent future contempt. My conclusion is that the injunction was right. Mr. Debs is more responsible than anybody else. He is a man of marked ability and of strong character and the leader of these men. It was in his power by merely lifting his voice to stop all this disturbance. I shall therefore discriminate between him and the rest of the defendants. I will give Mr. Debs six months in the county jail and the rest three months. This sentence to take effect ten days from now."

THE INCOME TAX.

Features of This Provision as It Will Go Into Operation.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The secretary of the treasury has approved the income tax regulations. Every citizen of the United States, whether residing at home or abroad, and every person residing or doing business in the United States, who has an annual income of more than \$3,500, is required to make return under oath before the first Monday in March of each year. The first return is to include all income, received in the year 1894, from January 1 to December 31. Guardians, trustees and all corporations acting in any fiduciary capacity are required to make similar returns for minors, wards or beneficiaries.

The gross gains, profits and incomes returned by persons shall include:

- "1. Gross profits of any trade, business or vocation, wherever carried on.
- "2. Rents received or accrued during the year.
- "3. Profits from sales of real estate purchased within two years.
- "4. Farming operations and proceeds.
- "5. Money and value of all personal property acquired by gift of inheritance.
- "6. Premium on bonds, stocks, notes and coupons.
- "7. Income from trade or profession, not by stated salary, and not heretofore enumerated.
- "8. From salary or compensation other than that received from the United States.
- "9. Undivided gains and profits of any partnership.
- "10. Interest received or accrued from all notes, bonds or other securities.
- "11. Interest on bonds or coupons paid of any corporation.
- "12. Dividends from corporations.
- "13. Income of wife or minor child or children.
- "14. All other sources of income not above enumerated."

The deductions allowed on the return and therein enumerated are:

- "1. Four thousand dollars exempt by law.
- "2. Interest due and paid within the year.
- "3. National, state, county, school and municipal taxes paid, not including assessments for local benefits.
- "4. Amount expended in purchase or production of live stock or produce sold within the year.
- "5. Necessary expenses, specified by items, actually incurred in carrying on any business or trade.
- "6. Losses actually sustained during the year specified.
- "7. Actual losses on sales of real estate purchased within two years.
- "8. Debts contracted and ascertained in the year to be worthless.
- "9. Salary or compensation over \$4,000 from which the tax of 2 per centum has been withheld by disbursing officers of the United States government.
- "10. Dividends included in the estimate of gross profits from corporations on which the 2 per cent tax has been paid by such corporation."

The annual return of corporations must include:

- "1. The gross profits of all kinds of business.
- "2. The expenses, exclusive of interest, annuities or dividends.
- "3. The net profits without allowance for interest, annuities or dividends.
- "4. The amount paid on account of interest, annuities and dividends.
- "5. The amount paid in salaries of \$4,000 or less to each employee.
- "6. The amount paid in salaries of more than \$4,000 to each employee and the name and address of each of such employees.
- "The gross profits include:
 - "1. All profits of any trade or business.
 - "2. Interest or coupons from bonds or other securities of any corporation.
 - "3. Dividends received from any corporation.
 - "4. Undivided profits of any corporation.
 - "5. Premium on bonds, notes and stocks.
 - "6. Commission or percentage.
 - "7. Interest on government securities not exempt by law.
 - "8. Interest on other notes, bonds and securities.
 - "9. Profits from sales of real estate.
 - "10. From rents.
 - "11. Profits from all other sources to be enumerated."

Certain specified corporations for charitable and like purposes and certain savings banks, mutual insurance companies and building and loan associations, are exempt from income tax. In such cases it is held by the department that the intention of the exemption is to extend its benefits to the small depositors and beneficiaries of such mutual and savings institutions, and that the corporations as such and those who speculate in the shares, stock or funds are not the intended beneficiaries of the exemption.

It is provided that no part of the salary, fees or emoluments of any state, county or municipal officer shall be subject to income tax, and no return thereof shall be made of the salary or fees of such officers. Salary received by government officials in 1894 shall be included in the first annual return to be made on or before the first Monday in March, 1895.

If any person fails to make return, or makes a false return, the collector is to make return for him from evidence obtained by summoning the person and examining his books and from all other evidence obtainable, and shall add 50 per cent. to the amount of tax found due as a penalty for neglect and 100 per cent. penalty in case of a fraudulent return.

Severe penalties are imposed upon all officers and other persons who make known, in any manner, any fact or particulars contained in or relating to an annual return of any taxpayer, or any fact as to the sources or amount of the income of any such person. Collectors are strictly directed by the regulations to rigidly enforce this provision.

The tax on incomes for the year 1894 will be due and payable on or before the 1st day of July next, and if not paid at that time the penalties will attach for non-payment.

Death of Gen. Porter.

NEW YORK, Dec. 17.—Gen. Josiah Porter died at 10:50 o'clock Friday night. Gen. Porter was 61 years of age.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

Michigan Tollers.

The Michigan Federation of Labor held its seventh annual session in Detroit and openly declared in favor of active political work in the ranks of the federation. John D. Flanagan, of Grand Rapids, was reelected president. Secretary Crowe reported that the interest in the federation during the past year has been flagging. Ten unions had been suspended for non-payment of dues and two new ones admitted. The receipts for the year were \$392.53, and the expenditures \$256.64.

State Board of Health Report.

Reports to the state board of health by sixty observers in different parts of the state during the week ended December 8 show that intermittent fever and tonsillitis increased and diarrhea decreased in area of prevalence. Consumption was reported at 23 places, scarlet fever at sixty-five, typhoid fever at forty-three, diphtheria at forty-one, measles at ten and smallpox at Detroit, Manchester, Sebawa, Royal Oak, Danby, Adrian, St. Johns and Watersweet.

Fishermen Drowned.

Edgar Gebro and Chris Wicks, fishermen, were both drowned from a fish-boat near Torch Lake in Grand Traverse bay. Both men lived at Charlevoix and leave families. The boat was supposed to have capsized. The bodies were found under the boats entangled in the nets. Gebro was the son of Louis Gebro, who as pilot of the Vernon was lost on that steamer five years ago. Two brothers also lost their lives by drowning.

Mrs. Hurd Set Free.

In the circuit court at Allegan Prosecuting Attorney Fish moved that the case against Mrs. Ira Hurd, charged with the murder of her husband, be nolle prossed. The reasons given were that he considered the evidence too weak to secure conviction. He had no more evidence than was given at the examination in the justice court. Mrs. Hurd and her sureties were discharged.

Gambling in Grand Rapids.

A mandate from the police commissioners in Grand Rapids has gone forth to the effect that dice shaking in saloons, cigar stores, grocery stores and all other places will hereafter be regarded as sufficient provocation for the arrest of the participants in the game and the proprietor of the saloon, cigar store or other place where the same may be in progress.

A Cow in the China Closet.

A cow entered the residence of Richard Spencer at Bessemer and destroyed a large number of expensive dishes, tipping over the cupboard, cook stove and center table. When Mr. Spencer returned he found the animal in a narrow pantry, with her head some way fastened in a flour barrel and unable to get out, the door having been closed.

Boys Arrested for Burglary.

The police have unearthed a gang of young burglars in Ishpeming who have been operating there for three years past. A large amount of stolen goods was secured. A portion of them were hidden in a cave in a mountain near Ishpeming. Five boys, between 17 and 22 years of age, were arrested.

Short But Newsworthy Items.

Another deep vein of coal was discovered in Albee township, Saginaw county, and mining will be carried on extensively.

Joe Mitchell's house at Manistique was burned and two boys, aged 4 and 5 years, perished. Mrs. Mitchell left her children locked in the house while she called on a neighbor.

F. S. Price, of Traverse City, and his sister, Mrs. E. V. Davis, of Neal, have fallen heir to \$5,000 cash each, and a half interest in a 300-acre farm in Nebraska, worth \$10,000, by the death of an aunt.

While Fred Wicks, of Port Huron, was walking along River street, near the icehouses, he was sandbagged and robbed of seven dollars.

The dry goods house of W. M. Bennett & Co., the oldest mercantile establishment in Jackson, discontinued business and closed its doors for all time.

The corpse of a young baby, wrapped in a sheet and with a handkerchief tied about its neck, was found at Rives Junction by boys.

Samuel Allen, an aged Saginaw carpenter was killed at Ludington by falling through the hatchway of a steamer, only a few days before celebrating his golden wedding.

The annual meeting of the Michigan Christian Missionary association was held at Bangor with a large number of delegates in attendance.

Sick at heart at having wronged a girl at Ishpeming, out of a job and money, Louis Hocknell, a printer known all over the country among the typos and nicknamed "Prince Albert," committed suicide at Chattanooga, Tenn.

Mrs. F. M. Farrow, the wife of a farmer living about 2 miles northeast of Maple Rapids, tried to commit suicide, but the doctor was called too quick and her plans were upset.

Tim Slagh and Tim Smith, proprietors of the Crescent planing mill, and Cornelius Steffens, their teamster and cousin, were caught in the act of setting a house on fire at Holland.

HARK!

WHAT WAS THAT?

Oh! Christmas

Only a few days away; methinks it is the jingle of

Old Santa's Bells

WE HEAR.

Would you believe it? He is on his way to visit ARMSTRONG & CO'S store, where he is sure to find just what he wants in the line of

X-MAS PRESENTS

For the fathers and mothers, brothers and sisters, and all the others. It will pay you to inspect our stock and get our prices before you buy.

A Choice Line of Gift Books at 25 Cents.
Holiday Groceries.

23 pounds granulated sugar for \$1.00.
Standard oysters 18 cents per can.
Choice mixed nuts 10 cents per pound.
Fresh roasted peanuts 8 cents per pound.
Choice Florida oranges 20 cents per dozen.
Choice layer figs 15 cents per pound.
Sultana raisins 3 1/2 pounds for 25 cents.
3 1/2 pounds California prunes for 25 cents.
5 pounds of best crackers for 25 cents.
Good sugar syrup 18 cents per gallon.
25 pounds brown sugar for \$1.
6 pounds 2 crown raisins for 25 cents.
Select oysters 23 cents per can.
7 bars laundry soap for 25 cents.
Best dust tea 10 cents per pound.
Boston Baking Powder 20 cents per pound.
None such mince meat 3 packages for 25 cents.
Electric kerosine oil 7 cents per gallon.

Everybody says it pays to trade at

Armstrong & Co's.

* REMEMBER *

WE SELL

We carry
a
full line
of
Coal and Wood
Heaters,
Cook Stoves,
Oil Cloth,
and
Store Boards.



Finest Line
of
Cutlery
in
town.
We can sell you
silver plated
knives and forks
cheaper than
any other dealer
in the
County.

Special prices on Sewing machines from now until January 1st, 1894.

C. E. WHITAKER,
South Main St., Chelsea, Mich.

For Christmas

We have a very choice line of fine Candies, Oranges, Lemons, Almond meats, citron, lemon peel, orange peel, all colors of sugar sand, raisins of all kinds, oysters in can and bulk, also fine yellow bananas, and a fine line of crockery to select from.

Please call and see us. Yours truly.

GEO. BLAICH.

Central Meat Market!

ADAM EPPLER, PROP.

Is the place to buy

Fresh Meats, Smoked Meats, Salt Meats,
Poultry and Oysters.

Our aim is to please patrons, and a most liberal patronage leads us to believe that we are succeeding. Respectfully,

ADAM EPPLER.

Highest market price paid for hides and tallow.

Chelsea and Vicinity.

Mrs. Ira Freer is visiting her children in Jackson this week.

P. Lehman, of Ann Arbor, was in town Saturday on business.

C. Steinbach expects to occupy his new store about Jan. 15, 1894.

Wm. Caspary is having the basement under his bakery enlarged.

J. A. Eisenman was in Ann Arbor fore part of the week on business.

Henry Frey has the frame of his new house up and nearly all inclosed.

Mrs. Gus. Warren visited her husband and friends in Chicago last week.

The B. Y. P. gave a chicken pie supper at the town hall last Friday evening.

About eighty Str. Knights and Lady Macabees attended the banquet at Dexter last week.

Chas. Lambert has purchased and moved into P. J. Lehman's house on Garfield street.

Miss Margaret Karney, of Ann Arbor, is visiting this week her many friends in Chelsea.

Chelsea is one of the most progressive towns in the State and most desirable and cheap place to live.

W. P. Schenk & Co. have the contract for furnishing the carpets for the new Congregational church.

The Congregational Sunday School will hold their Christmas exercises next Sunday evening instead of the regular service.

J. A. Eisenman has removed to the Steinbach house on west Middle street lately made vacant by the removal of John Kempf.

At the annual election of officers of the State Savings Bank, of Ann Arbor, last week, Geo. P. Glazier, of Chelsea, was elected one of the directors.

Chas. Ireland who has been clerking for Geo. Blach for the past year has returned home and Sam. Guerin can now be found behind the counter in his place.

Sam. Heselchwerdt has the contract for redecorating St. Mary's church at Pluckney and left for that village Monday. William Campbell will assist him.

Died at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Wood, of pneumonia, Mrs. H. F. Boyd, aged 74 years. The funeral will be held Thursday at 11 a. m. from the M. E. church.

It is said that a Chelsea lady cured her husband of staying out late at night by going to the door when he came home and whispering through the keyhole: "Is that you Willie?" Her husband's name is not Willie, but he manages to stay at home every night and sleeps with one eye open and a revolver under his pillow.

Mr. James Roach, of North Lake, who has been an invalid for many years, died at his sister's home, Mrs. McConnell's, last Monday Dec. 17, 1894, at 9 a. m. His funeral took place from St. Mary's church, the Rev. W. P. Considine officiating, on Wednesday morning Dec. 19, 1894, at 10 a. m. The remains were buried in St. Joseph's cemetery in the town of Dexter.

Miss Katherine O'Conner has tendered her resignation as organist of the St. Mary's church, Pluckney, and has been succeeded by Miss Mollie Monks, one of the most accomplished musicians of the county. A new choir is also in process of organization, composed of the best musical talent in the congregation. They will make their debut in the rendition of Leonard's beautiful Mass in C.

Last Tuesday evening the members of Olive Lodge F. & A. M. did themselves proud in the handsome and hospitable manner in which they entertained a large company of visitors from Manchester, Grass Lake, Ann Arbor and other points. About 8 o'clock all adjourned to the Opera House where a banquet was spread and about two hundred members of the craft regaled themselves in a royal manner as guests and members of Olive Lodge. May the members of this mystic order often do likewise, as we believe such gatherings of our citizens a lasting benefit for good fellowship.

The Birthday of Christ, commonly called Christmas, will be grandly celebrated at St. Mary's church, next Tuesday with special and impressive services. The first Mass will be at 5 a. m., and will be a High Mass during which the choir will sing Leonard's beautiful Mass in C. There will be a low Mass at 8 a. m. during which the Juvenile Choir will sing some beautiful Christmas hymns. The third Mass will be at 10,30 a. m. when Spoth's famous Mass will be sung with orchestra accompaniment for the first time in Chelsea. The "Adeste Fideles" will be sung at the offertory, and will be especially beautiful. The pastor will preach on the "Incarnation of Christ." The church will be elaborately festooned with evergreens, beautiful colored lights, and choice flowers, and will present a handsome appearance. The offertory collection will be a Christmas gift to the pastor.

Chelsea Savings Bank.

At the regular annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Chelsea Savings Bank, the following Stockholders were elected Directors of the Bank: Thomas Sears, James L. Babcock, John R. Gates, Frank P. Glazier, Geo. P. Glazier, Wm. J. Knapp, Harmon S. Holmes, Heman M. Woods, Wm. P. Schenk.

The following were elected as officers of the bank by the Directors:
President—Wm. J. Knapp.
Vice-President—Thomas Sears.
Cashier—Geo. P. Glazier.

The usual Semi-annual 5 per cent dividend on its \$60,000 Capital was declared payable on the 31st day of December, 1894. Comparatively few banks have paid so regular for a long period of years 10 per cent (5 per cent semi-annual) to its Shareholders, demonstrating the profitable character of its business and its good management.

Chelsea Union Schools.

Whole number enrolled.....	351
Number left for all causes.....	21
Number of re-entries.....	25
Number belonging at end of month....	349
Aggregate tardiness.....	87
Time lost by teachers in half days.....	0
No. of times teachers have been tardy	0
Number of non-resident pupils.....	47
Number of suspensions.....	0
No. of cases of corporal punishment...	1
No. of pupils neither absent nor tardy	167

E. E. WENSTER, Supt.

Roll of honor for month ending Nov. 23, 1894, including all who have not been tardy, and whose standings in scholarship, attendance and deportment have been 90 or above. The star indicates that the pupil has not been absent.

FIRST GRADE.

Merrill Adams*	Lilla Schmidt*
Pauline Burg*	Albert Steinhach*
Helena Haag*	

ADAM PRUDDEN, Teacher.

SECOND GRADE.

Flora Atkinson	Adolph Heller*
Annie Corey	Esther Selfe
Joseph Eisele*	

S. E. VANTYNE, Teacher.

THIRD GRADE.

Arthur Armstrong*	Harold Glazier*
Howard Boyd	Alfred Icheldinger*
Clare Congdon	Lois Smith
Fred Osterle*	

M. A. VANTYNE, Teacher.

FOURTH GRADE.

Josie Racon*	Leon Kempf*
Helen Burg*	Christina Kalmbach*
Ernest Cooke	Emmett Page*
George Eisele	Arthur Raitrey
Lella Geddes	Herbert Scheuk
Howard Holmes*	Rollin Schenk*
K. Kantelehner*	Willie Wilkins

DORA HARRINGTON, Teacher.

FIFTH GRADE.

Carrie Alber	Rosa Easterle*
Rha Alexander*	Myrta Guerin*
Mabel Bacon*	Oscar Gilbert
Percy Bacon	Clara Icheldinger*
Cecilia Bacon*	Come Lighthall*
Luella Buchanan*	Emil Mast*
Grace Cook*	Emily Steinbach*
Eddie Corey	B. Schwickerath*
Helen Eder	Rosa Zulke*
Paulina Easterle	

LIBBIE DEFEW, Teacher.

SIXTH GRADE.

Edith Drury*	
MARA L. WHEELER, Teacher.	

SEVENTH GRADE.

Mable Brooks	Bertha Schumacher
Evelyn Miller	Clara Snyder
Margie Pottinger	Lizzie Schwickerath

HENRY J. STIMSON, Teacher.

EIGHTH GRADE.

Warren Boyd*	Ralph Holmes*
Emmett Dancer*	Florence Martin*
Bert Haughtby*	Florence Ward

FLORENCE BACHMAN, Teacher.

HIGH SCHOOL.

Effa A. Armstrong*	Faye Moon*
Nell Bacon*	Will Schultz*
Mary Broesmale*	Minnie Schumacher*
Charles Carner*	Hattie Spaulding*
Archie Clark*	Bertha Spaulding*
George Doody*	Augustus Steger*
Nell G. Congdon	Helena Steinbach*
Mabel Fletcher*	Lottie Steinbach*
Ida Forner*	Eva Taylor*
Earle Foster*	Frank Taylor*
Edith Foster*	Lettie Wackenhut*
Lillie Gerard*	Mary Wunder*
Helen Hepfer*	Nettie Wood*
Dorrit Hoppe*	Orlie Wood*
Nerissa Hoppe*	Eric Zinche*
Lena Kruse*	William Zinche*
Flora Kempf*	

C. McCLASKIE and N. STORMS, Teacher.

Beautiful Pictures.

From life. Forty eight of them, each 5x7 inches and gems of art, making altogether the grandest calendar in the world. Only ten cents for the collection. Don't wait until all are sold. Send order at once to The American Engraving Company, 300 Dearborn St. Chicago, Ill.

Rheumatic Twinges.

Are escaped by the use of Humphreys' Specific No. 15. The infallible cure for Rheumatism, Sciatica and Lumbago. For sale by all druggists, 25 cents.

YOU Want Them and can Find Them!

SPYDER'S GROCERY,

The Best Goods for the Least Money.

Frankforts, the best in the market, 10 cents per pound.

Ham sausage, as good as you ever ate, 8 cents per pound.

Bolognas, made from the finest of meat, only 7 cents per pound.

Good boiling beef, 6 cents per pound.

Beef rib 5 cents per pound.

A good pair of shoes for boys or girls, only 85 cents per pair.

The best thing in the overall line in town, only 50 cents per pair.

Come to us for your gloves this fall. Large line. Price right.

If you want a good whip for next to nothing, come to us.

Remember we keep everything in the grocery line.

1000 gallons syrup, sold everywhere at 30 and 40 cts., our price, 18c per gallon.

R. A. SNYDER.

Wanted to pay cash for 10,000 dozen fresh eggs at 18c per dozen.

Dr. W. A. CONLAN DENTIST.

Office Over Glazier's Drug Store, CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

PALMER & TWITCHELL PHYSICIANS

AND SURGEONS.

Office over Kempf's new bank, Chelsea.

H. W. SCHMIDT, Physician & Surgeon.

SPECIALTIES:—Diseases of the Nose, Throat, Eye and Ear.

OFFICE HOURS:—10 to 12 and 2 to 5.

Operative, Prosthetic and Ceramic Dentistry in all their branches. Teeth examined and advice given free. Special attention given to children's teeth: Nitrous oxide and Local Anesthetic used in extracting. Permanently located.

H. H. AVERY, D. D. S.

Office over Kempf Bro's Bank.

The Parlor Barber Shop, Chelsea, Mich.

Good work and close attention to business is my motto. With this in view, I hope to secure, at least, part of your patronage.

GEO. EDER, Prop.

FIRE! FIRE!!

If you want insurance call on Gilbert & Crowell. We represent companies whose gross assets amount to the sum of \$45,000,000.

Excelsior Bakery, Chelsea, Mich.

Fresh Bread, Cakes and Pies always on hand. First-class Restaurant in connection.

WM. CASPARY.

S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

TAKE NOTICE.

Specials for Christmas Week only.

The best assortment of high class and medium grade Cloaks and Capes in the County. We are making especial prices for this week in this department.

Shawls, best assortment and lowest prices in town.
One lot of 25c dress goods, 34 and 38 inches wide, for 1/4 off, or 19 cents per yard.
One lot of 25c dress goods, 23 inches wide, for 18 cents per yard.
Two pieces red 50c Serge, 38 inches wide, good value, for only 44 cents per yard.
Two pieces red table Damask, 50c goods, for only 35 cents per yard.
Ten pieces fancy nightdress Ouing, best goods made, very fluffy, sold others for 15c, our price for this week only 10 cents per yard.
One case of 124c heavy dress Cambrics, 32 inches wide, fast colors, price 8 cents per yard.
One case good style 7 and 8 cent calicoes for only 5 cents per yard.
Remember we always have the best and largest assortment of goods in every department, and our prices are always the lowest. Trade with us and be convinced.

S. HOLMES MERCANTILE COMPANY.

Sole agents for Chelsea for the celebrated Butterick patterns. Monthly Fashion Plates, Delineators, Metropolitan plate, etc.

A GOOD INVESTMENT!

WHAT? A suit, overcoat or pair of pants made to order at

WEBSTER'S.

Call and be convinced.

Bargains in Shoes

We Have Just Bought a Bill of

\$2,000 worth

Of Factory Samples.

We bought these goods for less than half it cost to manufacture them, and will give you the benefit of this bargain if you will come and see us. Never before has there been offered in Chelsea such bargains as these.

The Shoes are A. C. McGrau & Co's. make, and every pair warranted.

Come early, so as to get your first choice, as there is only one pair of a kind, and they are going like hot cakes.

Also a complete line of winter goods now on hand at bottom prices.

Groceries always at the bottom, and when others are crying low prices we are always just as low and generally cheaper. Try our Black Cross Tea at 50c a pound. You will use no other after you once try it.

Highest Market Price for Butter and Eggs.

W. F. RIEMENSCHNEIDER & CO'S.

WE INVITE

All who are looking for Holiday Presents

To call and look through our stock, we are offering special low prices in our Furniture line, such as fancy chairs, parlor furniture, pictures, easels, etc., also many useful things in our hardware stock. Bring in your pictures and let us frame same for the holidays.

W. J. KNAPP.

It Is Always Cheaper

To pay a reasonable charge to the man who knows how and has the facilities to do what you want, than to expend many times that amount for the painful experience that always follows the employment of one who does not, from lack of experience, facilities, and the many other requirements necessary to successful REPAIRING.

This Applies Also,

To the purchase of Jewelry, Watches, Clocks, Etc., and the large number of other articles in the jeweler's line, on all of which we guarantee the best quality at lowest prices.

L. & A. E. WINANS, Chelsea.

Here and There.

Closing out prices on stoves. Hoag & Holmes.

Chas. Steinhach was an Ann Arbor visitor one day last week.

Tommy McNamara spent several days in Ann Arbor last week.

Next Friday evening Chelsea Tent No. 281 elect officers for the ensuing year.

Geo. Hirth, of Lima, won the cutter raffled by Alfred Kaercher last week.

The work turned out by the Chelsea Steam Laundry is giving good satisfaction.

The Adrian Press says: "Farmers were busy plowing in Ingham and Hillsdale county last week."

The grand lodge of F. & A. M. will be held in Detroit, January 22-24. On the 24th will be held the semi-centennial anniversary of the Grand Lodge of Michigan.

It is said that Albion contains the laziest man in Michigan. His little children have slept on the floor all summer and so far into the winter, because he would not fill a straw tick that his wife emptied and washed last spring. The straw is only half mile away.

Pure mixed candy 7 cents per pound. Hoag & Holmes.

The Adrian Press says: "Republican papers all over the country are kicking because the stamps made by the democratic stamp factory don't stick. The trouble is they lick the stamp too hard. They think they must lick every thing democratic, tell it can't rest. That's what ails the stamps. Don't lick quite so hard, if you don't want so much trouble."

St. Mary's Sunday School, of Chelsea, will have its annual Christmas tree and entertainment at the Town Hall on Thursday evening Dec. 27th, 1894. An interesting and varied program has been prepared. Mr. Louis Burg will sing in costume some of his famous comic songs. Beautiful Christmas songs and instrumental music will combine to make a program of unusual interest.

The Thespian Dramatic Club, of St. Mary's church, Pinckney, under the direction of Mr. Daniel Murta, has in preparation the beautiful and dramatic play, "Shamrock and Rose," which will be produced in a short time at St. Mary's church for the benefit of the parish library. The library now contains 600 choice volumes and is free to all. Some of the best amateur talent is enlisted for this drama, and our citizens may rest assured of a creditable performance.

Special prices on bedroom suits. Hoag & Holmes.

The observance of the 25th of December as the birthday of our Savior is ascribed to Julius, bishop of Rome, A. D. 337-52. The eastern church had previously observed the 6th of January in commemoration both of the baptism and the birth of Christ. The exact day of Christ's birth appears not to have been known in the early church and can not now be determined. Between the middle of December and the middle of February there is generally in Palestine an interval of comparatively dry weather preceded and followed by the early and later rain. Thus there might have been shepherds on the plain of Bethlehem watching their flocks at night.

Pure stick candy 8 cents per pound. Hoag & Holmes.

St. Mary's church Pinckney will be in the hands of painters and decorators for the next few weeks. The interior of the church is to be beautifully decorated, and when finished will present a fine appearance. New chandeliers will be hung in the church. Solemn and impressive ceremonies will mark the reopening of the church on Sunday Jan. 6, 1895, when special services will be held. The children of the Sunday School will have their Christmas tree in the church on the above evening. A lecture will be given by the pastor, Christmas hymns will be sung, and gifts will be distributed to all the children. An admission fee of 10 cents will be asked at the evening entertainment. The decorations of the church is done by Mr. Samuel Heselchwerdt, of Chelsea.

75 prs skates worth 50 cents at 33 cents per pair. Hoag & Holmes.

A suggestion is made to have a short daily discussion of current news in the public schools, and to this end to have a digest of the news from a daily paper. If the news be news of the world's important events, not the daily record of crime and party politics, that is found in some newspapers the suggestion is good, and ought to be acted on. Correct current history is certainly as important as is the history of the B. C. or mediæval period. A teacher who would spend a half hour every day posting his or her pupils on the world's daily events, would do as much for education as listening for the same length of time to rules of grammar and other equally dry subjects, and this paragraph is not meant in any sense to reflect on the importance of all dry studies now pursued in the public schools, whether of grammar or constitutional history.

Owners and Tenants.

The census office has completed the tables of ownership and tenancy of farms so that the results for forty-four states and three territories are known. There were, in 1890, the census year, 2,122,938 families on the farm they owned, which was 155,951, more than the number of farms cultivated by owners in 1880. In New England, middle and central western states there was a decrease of 97,000 in the number of occupying owners' while in the northwest, the Pacific states, the south and southwest the increase of occupying owners for the ten years was 256,631, leaving a net increase, as above stated of 158,931.

In 1890 there were, 1,923,723 families on hired farm, an increase of 599,387 over the number of rented farms in 1880. The increase of tenant farmers was in all parts of the country. In New England the increase of tenants was 7,746 and the decrease of occupying owners 24,117, showing that there must have been nearly 17,000 farms abandoned entirely, or enlarged during the ten years. The same is true of the middle states, where the increase of tenants was 24,075, and the decrease of occupying owners 43,804. In the great agricultural states of the central west the increase of tenants was 48,864, and the decrease of occupying owners 31,259.

Uniform Postal Rates.

Provisions for uniform rates of postage of United States mails sent to every portion of the globe, with a few exceptions, is made in an order issued by Postmaster General Bissel. The rates are five cents for each half ounce of mail except for Canada and Mexico, where the domestic rates of two cents an ounce are applicable, or to the postal agency at Shanghai. The order is as follows: By the virtue of authority conferred upon the Postmaster General by section 6,912 of the revised statutes of the United States, and in view of the fact that all the countries and colonies of the civilized world with the exception of Cape Colony, the Orange Free States and certain island are now embraced in Universal Postal union, it is hereby ordered that on and after the 1st of January, 1895, the postage rates and conditions applicable to articles of correspondence mailed in the United States addressed for delivery within the Universal Postal union, except as hereafter mentioned. This order does not apply articles destined for Canada Mexico or the United States postal agency at Shanghai, to which more liberal rates, and conditions now apply."

What is an A4?

The life blood of modern business.
A money-maker, getter and saver.
A flash of information to all the people.
A lever of trade.
The main that yields pure gold in large dividends.

The key-note of progress in the march of success.

The dealer's sure road to success.

The medium for the increase of business.

That which booms the place and enriches the advertiser.

A means of communicating items of interest to wide-awake people.

An intelligent message to intelligent people, profiting sender and receiver.

Personal and public benefits are derived from its judicious application.

A notice that brings best returns for the least money.

The corner stone of the temple of Fortune.

The power that starts and keeps trade in motion.

The electric power controlling trade.

Infalible bait to catch customers.

An indispensable to success and business enlargement.

A helpmate to prosperity in business.

The "Limited Express" on the road to success.

An electric current that propels the wheels of commerce.—Ex.

Excursions.

Holiday excursion rates, Christmas and New Years, 1894-95. An excursion rate of one and one third lowest first class fare for the round trip is authorized. Tickets to be sold Dec. 24, 25 and 31, 1894 and Jan. 1, 1895, limited to return up to and including Jan. 2, 1895.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Feyer Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by F. P. Glazier & Co.

Don't forget that dress was made for woman, and not woman for dress.

Don't put powder on your cheeks without looking in the glass afterward.

WE WISH YOU

Merry Merry Christmas.

And at the same time we want to remind you of the fact that there is only ONE place in Chelsea to buy candies.

If you have not thought about the candy question it is time you did so.

Come in and look over our large line of Christmas candies, including mixed candies, cream candies, chocolates, crystallized fruits, mixed nuts, candy toys, ornaments, etc.

We have just received

3 Barrels

Of special mixed candy, especially made for Christmas trade, fresh, clean and free from poisonous colorings which you find in so much of the mixed candies. This lot we are going to offer at the unheard of price of

6 cts per lb.

Full weight guaranteed. Don't compare these goods with the Cheap John stuff you see displayed in some of the windows about town, for it's not that kind.

Fancy. Strictly New, Mixed Nuts at 10c per lb.

Just compare our mixed nuts with those at other stores and see the difference in them.

Quality

Always our first consideration in buying.

Prices

Always the lowest. We have always had the Lion's share of the candy trade in Chelsea, and intend to keep it if Low Prices, Honest weight and the best goods will help us any.

Dried Fruits,

The largest line of Fresh and dried fruits in Chelsea.

California Bartlett Pears.

Fresh, ripe and juicy. Just what you want for your Christmas dinner

Lettuce. Radishes.

Vegetables of all kinds.

Bananas, Oranges, Grapes New Dates, Figs, etc.

Remember

When you see goods advertised by us you can make up your mind that we have got them, and not just out because the price is low.

Stick Candy.

All whole sticks, no broken ones, at 8c per pound.

When you want a box of rich, delicious confectionery, done up in style, don't forget that there is only one place in Chelsea that you can get it.

If you have not had a sample of our Stork Chop Tea step in and get one, it will cost you nothing.

If you want low prices, honest goods and quick delivery, go to.

Beissel & Staffan.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

All communications for this paper should be accompanied by the name of the author, and, if necessary, for publication, an address of good faith on the part of the writer. While only an oversight on the part of the writer, the publisher is not responsible for the return of letters or the return of money. Proofs are often difficult to decipher, because of the small size of the type and the haste of the printer.

OVER 60,000 plants were distributed in a recent year by the department of agriculture at Washington, one-half of which were strawberries and one-fourth grapevines.

MR. J. C. SAWER, of Brighton, England, thinks that cultivators of roses, as a rule, pay too much attention to the color, form and size of roses, neglecting the fragrance, which varies as much as the color. He says that experienced gardeners can discriminate many varieties of roses in the dark by their perfumes.

WALTER BESANT is reported as saying that hundreds of people are making over 1,000 pounds sterling a year by literature of various kinds; that at least thirty in England alone are making over 2,000 pounds sterling, at least six or seven over 3,000 pounds sterling, and at least one or two this year not less than 4,000 pounds sterling.

EMPEROR WILLIAM is of opinion that cavalry is obsolete as an army auxiliary and he proposes to convert three-fourths of his cavalrymen into infantry. It was the opinion of Gen. Sheridan, who accompanied Gen. Moltke in the Franco-Prussian war, that the Germans didn't have near enough cavalry and made a poor use of what they had.

The greater part of what we see when we look at Jupiter is probably a mass of heated clouds, suspended around the hot core of the planet within a cloud ball, 86,500 miles in diameter. Above Jupiter's equator the surface of those clouds is whirling along at the rate of more than 27,000 miles an hour, in consequence of the planet's rapid rotation on its axis.

SCIENCE shows that possible danger lurks in everything. Butter, for instance, may contain pathogenic germs, and every one knows how bad they are. So, also, it is shown in the London Lancet that bread contains many kinds of living bacteria. And the conclusion is reached that many unaccountable diseases may be eventually traced to the agency of bread.

It is suggested that, if China is compelled to pay a heavy war indemnity to Japan, she may impose a heavy export tax on tea in order to help pay it. It was expected that the war would cause a shortage in the crop this year, because of laborers being called to military service, but this has not been the case. The war broke out too late to have any effect on this season's crop.

The war in the Orient has drawn attention to the customs, habits and dress of the eastern people, and through this awakened interest has come a new craze in certain aristocratic circles in the United States for the employment of Chinese and Japanese maid servants. The fad started in New York and has reached its height in San Francisco, where the missions can not supply the demand.

LIEUT. HALPIN, of the United States navy, has greatly simplified, if not solved, the coast-defense problem by inventing a curious little infernal machine. He can run the torpedo at the rate of twelve knots an hour through the water, attack a ship miles away and steer the torpedo back to the point whence it started. If this marine monster is reliable, fortifications are of secondary and slight importance.

ACCORDING to the provisions of a bill just passed by the house of representatives, three thousand acres, covering the site of the great battle of Shiloh, are to be transformed into a national military park. Shiloh was one of the most desperate battles in the world's history, fought by Americans on both sides. It will live in history as Chickamauga and Gettysburg live. The park will constitute a resort toward which the steps of students of history will bend more and more as the years go by.

The new law requiring all enlisted men of the army to be citizens of the United States has begun to work results in this direction. Many of the soldiers have begun to realize what the new law means, and, in anticipation of their re-enlistment, have taken steps to make themselves eligible. About a half hundred of those stationed at Fortress Monroe recently obtained leave of absence and went up to Norfolk, where the United States district court was in session, and took out their naturalization papers.

MICHIGAN has a charitable institution of an unusual sort, but one which seems to be working satisfactorily. It is called the State public school, and its purpose is to receive orphan children from the county almshouses of the state and educate them till homes can be found for them, an agent being employed for that purpose. During the past year the attendance has been 220 children, of whom forty were girls. The average age was eight years and the total cost of running the school, including building improvements, was \$35,000.



THE THOUGHTFUL

FROM our home of peace and gladness Comes this happy, jingling rhyme, With our hearts that know no sadness At this blessed Christmas time, As we hear the dear old story In the pealing of the bells, To the giver comes the blessing: "Tis the thoughtful act that tells."

The mistletoe of bygone days Hangs aloft within our hall, And the bright, red-berried holly Drapes the pictures on the wall, And the air of sweet contentment Which in our household dwells Bears out the cherished saying: "Tis the thoughtful act that tells."

Let the miser hoard his money— What pleasure doth he find? For when the day of reckoning comes It must all be left behind, And he laughs to scorn the message Of the bells, melodious bells, As they bring to him the message: "Tis the thoughtful act that tells."

Let them ring and ring it louder, Let it sound through every clime, How our God will love the giver At the merry Christmas time, Let them ring and ring forever, Until every bosom swells With the love of helping others: "Tis the thoughtful act that tells."

—C. H. Capern, in Chicago Herald.

A POINTER FOR SANTA CLAUS.

A little lady, quaint and small— (She's five years old and growing tall)— About these short December days, When each shop window is ablaze With gorgeous toys and colored lights, Indulges in strange fancy flights.

She said to me the other day: "When Santa Claus comes out our way How do you think he'll get his pack Down thro' our narrow chimney stack? I'll write to him the day before To come right in at our front door."

"You see, he never could bring down That lovely doll in silken gown We saw at Smith's—and then her bed And furniture upholstered red, Why—he would have an awful time Attempting on our roof to climb!"

"And, then, just think of all those toys! I'm sure they'd make an awful noise As he dropped down, and that would wake Us up, while to his heels he'd take— For, don't you know he is so shy He will not come where folks may spy?"

"I'll just address a letter now To tell him what to bring, and how, And, then, for fear the post might miss, If you're down town please tell them this: When Santa gets to our house that He'll find the key beneath the mat!"

—George E. Bowen, in Inter Ocean.



SAN ELOQUENT CHRISTMAS SERMON.

IT WAS Christmas eve, a time fraught with so many pleasant recollections to those who have enjoyed the blessed experience of a home and the associations of a united family circle; a season when memory opens her portfolio and points out to us the pictures of the long ago from which time has taken all discordant colors and mellowed them into beautiful harmonies; an hour when men's hearts are more tender and sympathetic and more easily prompted by benevolence.

The travel was comparatively light on the through express, for most of the commercial "runners" had managed to finish up their work and were already rejoicing in the comforts of home. Of course there are others than drummers who travel, but the drummer is the staff of life to the passenger service and hotel enterprise, so I mention him first. There were but four commercial men that I recognized as such on this special train, and as usual they were making the best of the occasion with story and joke and merry conversation. Having reversed one of the seats without permission or aid of the conductor, a button hook saving all such ceremony, four of them sat facing each other, forming a jovial group—more noticeable, perhaps, on account of the gloom which seemed to envelop the other passengers.

There were about twenty-five pilgrims occupying the car, comprising the usual varieties of character to be found under the circumstances. The train boy had passed and repassed through the train all the afternoon, laden either with his burden of well-worn paper-covered novels, or his basket of posthumous ripened fruit, but his stock had not appeared to diminish any in spite of his industry. By the weary

and discouraged expression of his countenance it was evident that trade was not very lively. The train boy in this case, as in most cases, was a man in years, but still short enough in stature to be called a boy without absurdity; one of those unhealthy and weak-looking mortals who are uninteresting to anyone except their own near kin. The train boy seated himself in an unoccupied corner next to the group of drummers, and taking from his pocket a meager handful of small coins began to count them over. He seemed to derive little comfort from this occupation, for he soon replaced the money in his pocket with an audible sigh.

I began to feel a languid compassion for the fellow—not, I confess, the sort to do me any credit—for my pity was not entirely free from a feeling of contempt, a spurious pity, barren of any result; a sort of speculative pity, leading me out into meditations on the diversities and proportionate responsibilities of humanity. The wretched fellow made me feel uncomfortable. What right had the authorities to torment the traveling public by introducing such a factor into their service? A train boy is always a nuisance at his best, with his impudent and constant annoyance, his utter lack of delicacy, his trespass on time and patience, his presumption and intrusion on our privacy. And by what law of equity



THE YOUNG MAN BOUGHT THE BOOK.

should I have my sensibilities pained in a fretful sympathy for a supposititious misery? I couldn't help it. What could I possibly do for the fellow even though I were to make an effort?

The half-smothered sigh of the train boy seemed to attract the attention of one of the commercial travelers; either that or the lugubrious expression on his face; for the traveler immediately accosted him in a way peculiar to knights of the road in addressing an employee, with whom all drummers and railway men assume a familiar acquaintance.

"Hey, Jimmie! brace up! What's the matter with you? You look like you'd had an invitation to your own funeral."

His name might or might not have been Jimmie; if it was it was only a coincidence, for the drummer probably had no more idea than I had by what name the train boy was christened. However, it served the purpose and the remark was answered by a sickly effort of a smile.

"Business slow?" continued the interrogator.

"That's what it is," was the despondent answer.

"Well, cheer up, Jimmie. We all strike hard lines some time or other, and to-morrow's Christmas, anyway, and don't you forget it."

"That's what makes things worse," says the train boy, evidently glad to relieve his feelings by confiding in the somewhat rough but not unwelcome sympathy extended. "Ye see, there's the old woman and three kids waiting for me at home, and they're all a lookin' fer something. Besides, I expect mother to 'our house to spend Christmas, and I tole Jennie—my wife—I'd have a turkey sure; and you see, no biz, no turkey. So I was thinking about this and them three little stockings hanging up on the mantel shelf, and felt kinder blue when I see I'd have to fill the stockings with bananas out of my stock, and get along with pork and beans for Christmas dinner."

"How much did you take in to-day?" inquires the C. T.

"Tree dollars and fifteen cents, and I git twenty per cent. out of it."

"That leaves you about sixty cents profit, eh?"

"Jest about."

"And you want a turkey dinner and a little present for Jennie and mother, and plunder for the kids, and you've got sixty cents on hand. Sixty cents will go a good way in peanuts or hair-

pins, but it hasn't much show to buck up against a Christmas turkey. Now, I'll tell you what's the matter with you. You don't know how to sell goods. In the first place your goods are no good anyway, and in the second place you meander through the train with that flunked-out expression on your face as though you really didn't expect to make a sale anyway. That's no way to drum up a customer."

"Oh, yes, it's easy enough kidden me, but nobody could sell nothin' on this train," says the train boy.

"Couldn't, eh? Well, I'm betting they could if they only knew how to work it. Now, if I was in your place for about fifteen minutes I'd show you how to sell goods. By George! I've an idea! Listen, boys, what's the matter with me trying it on? What d'ye say to my taking this here stock and working the train for all it's worth?"

"Go ahead, Rube, and try it," cries one of the group.

"Yes, let's have some fun," says another.

"You haven't the sand to try," remarks a skeptic.

"Try it, Rube, and give the boy a lift," puts in the third.

"Here goes, then," says the redoubtable Rube. "Here, Jimmie, hand me your basket, and give me your cap." With this he snatches the official cap from the small head of the news vender

The young man seemed to be gratified by these remarks, and did not conceal the self-conscious expression of his face as he took the volume and turned over the leaves.

"What does it cost?" he inquired.

"Well, the price marked on it is fifty cents, but you know it's the last in the lot and getting mighty rare. But I'll let you have it for seventy-five cents, seeing to-morrow is Christmas."

Well, the young man bought the book and probably had his money's worth, as he seemed deeply interested in its contents from that time forward.

The volunteer next attacked me, and had no serious difficulty of swindling me out of twenty-five cents on a five-cent package of cough-drops, which he declared would cure any disorder of the human system in a miraculously short time.

The seat in front of mine was occupied by a typical priest. Now, I never saw but two types of traveling priests—one the German and the other Irish. This one was unmistakably Irish—quite willing and ready for a tournament of wit—and a match for the irrepressible drummer. His sharp thrusts at the salesman were applauded by the little coterie of friends across the aisle. It seemed to me that the cunning Rube was purposely laying himself open to give pointers to the priest. However that may be, he managed to leave his reverence poorer by a silver dollar, but in an excellent humor with himself and all the world.

The industrious salesman had by this time proceeded beyond the range of hearing, but was steadily gaining in popularity, and as he progressed shouts of mirth greeted him. Almost every one entered into the spirit of the enterprise, and his stock was considerably diminished before he had passed out to enter the next car, for it was the smoker, and if he had successfully broken the ice in our car he was just the man to reap a harvest amongst the democratic and anarchistic smokers.

The original and only train boy was an interesting sight. His despondency had evaporated. He no longer put me in mind of a sick chicken on a rainy day, unable to find comfortable shelter; his despondency had taken wings. He no longer drooped, but sat erect in his seat. His dough-colored face took on a mahogany tint. The dull eyes were sparkling with a new light. Hope had given him back his manhood and courage. He could appear before his humble family in the character of a protector and provider. He could respond to the welcome home as every true man loves to respond with some new comfort for those he loves. He would come home with good tidings for Christmas; for the jolly Samaritan had sold enough in our car to insure his hopes.

But here comes Rube, returning from his labors with an empty basket and but two volumes of the reputable literature which forms the bulk of supply for the trainboy—"The Mistakes of Moses," and "Nance." There is a smile lurking beneath his mustache—I can detect it by the dimples in each cheek—and there is sunshine in his eyes. Six feet of you, Rube, and every inch of you a man! I would like to shake hands with you, old fellow, for there is a big heart thumping under your vest; a heart in proportion to your great body. No doubt you are a sinner, Rube (we are all sinners, for that matter), but you are a saint on this Christmas eve. People disposed to be critical may deplore your lack of dignity and the cynical may say you have made an ass of yourself; but that will not trouble you, old fellow. Your face is aglow with a brightness brought from heavenly places, that ridiculous cap on your head is a crown of glory to you, Rube. You have preached for me an eloquent sermon, a lesson of uses. You have shown me that sentimental emotion is of no value or account. Benevolent wishes are moral vaporings unless they find their ultimate in doings. The gifts you possess you have cheerfully laid on the altar of charity, all unconscious of having done anything for your own glory, delighting only in the joy you have bestowed upon your neighbor—a Merry Christmas, Rube, and a Happy New Year!—Frank Beard, in Ram's Horn.

Cheerful Holidays.

The holidays to many are often the saddest of the year; the absent seem to be so much more absent than it is not easy sometimes to feel joyful; the sigh seems so much more ready than the smile. Adversity seems so cruel, affliction so keen, ingratitude so brutal. But still we owe it as a duty to ourselves and to others to be joyful even amid sorrow or hardships. The future that lies before us depends much upon what we make of the present. A heart is made far stronger by the look of encouragement, the stimulant of a hopeful love, than by any other medium. A bright home is a greater stimulant than aught else. To look hopefully into a new year has often inspired success. Where even spiritual consolation has been known to fail, the bright face, the hopeful love and the cheerful word of a good woman have redeemed many a man from utter hopelessness. —Ladies Home Journal.

What He'd Have to Do.

Johnnie—I say, Sharple, what would you do for a Christmas present if Christmas were left out of the year?

Sharple—Well, I suppose I couldn't get a Christmas present, I'd have to content myself with a Christmas absent, eh?—Harper's Young People

THE CURRENCY QUESTION

Carlisle Outlines His Views Before the House Committee.

Editor White Also Formulates a Measure—Mr. Ferris' Ideas—Banker Cornwell Has a Plan—Dodge's View Is Heard.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—The hearing before the house banking and currency committee on the question of a reorganization of the currency laws was resumed in the room of the ways and means committee, but did not move off very promptly.

It was expected that Secretary Carlisle would present his currency bill and continue his statement of Monday, but as the secretary was late in arriving, Mr. White, editor of the New York Evening Post, opened the hearing. Mr. Johnson asked Mr. White's opinion on Secretary Carlisle's currency plan. Mr. White answered that he did not think the secretary's plan would give the elastic currency it sought to secure. It compelled banks to put up thirty cents every time they issued seventy-five cents.

At the close of Mr. White's statement he submitted his bill on the lines of the Baltimore plan. Mr. Homer stated that the committee of national bankers had not yet formulated their bill.

The following is a synopsis of the bill presented to the banking and currency committee by Horace White.

The first section provides that no banking association shall be required to deposit United States bonds either as preliminary to the commencement of banking business or for the security of circulating notes to be hereafter issued.

Section 2 provides that in lieu of the deposit of bonds each national bank association shall be entitled to receive circulating notes from the comptroller to the amount of 10 per cent. of its paid-up, unimpaired capital upon paying to the treasurer lawful money to the amount of 2 per cent. of such circulating notes, and thereafter a tax at the rate of one-half of 1 per cent. per annum upon the average amount of its circulation for the year, to constitute a guarantee fund for the redemption of notes of insolvent national banks, and the tax is to be collected until the fund amounts to not less than 5 per cent. of the entire circulation issued. This fund is also to be in addition to the 5 per cent. redemption fund now provided by law.

Section 3 provides that in addition to the amount of the circulating notes provided for each association shall be entitled to receive from the comptroller circulating notes to the amount of 25 per cent. of its paid-up, unimpaired capital upon paying to the treasurer 2 per cent. of such additional circulation, and that the tax of one-half of 1 per cent. per annum upon the average amount of the same outstanding, and an additional tax at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum upon the amount of such additional circulation outstanding for the year, all of which sums are to be a part of the guaranty fund.

Section 4 is devoted to the insolvency of national banking associations, and it is provided that when such insolvency shall be ascertained in the case of any particular association its outstanding circulating notes shall be redeemed by the treasurer of the United States out of the guaranty fund if that be sufficient, and if not sufficient out of any fund in the treasury. After the loss on the account of any particular failure has been made good to the guaranty fund the United States is first to be paid for all advances made.

Section 5 provides that when bank notes are issued to any association under this act it shall be the duty of the secretary of the treasury to cancel legal tender United States notes and treasury notes to the amount of 60 per cent. of the bank notes so issued.

Section 6 provides that any association may retire its circulation, or any part of it at any time upon depositing with the treasurer an amount equal to the sum desired to be withdrawn.

Section 7 repeals section 9 of the act of July 12, 1882, and also the portion of the act of June 20, 1874, which provides that the amount of bonds on deposit for circulation shall not be reduced below \$50,000 and provides that any association heretofore organized desiring to withdraw its circulating notes in whole or in part may do so under the provisions of the act of June 20, 1874, modified as above indicated.

Carlisle's Bill.
At the conclusion of Mr. White's remarks Secretary Carlisle appeared and presented a draft of his proposed bill. A synopsis is as follows:

In the first section all acts regulating the deposit of United States bonds to secure circulating notes of national banks are repealed.

The second section provides for the issuing of circulating notes to a national bank equal to 75 per cent. of the paid-up and unimpaired capital, upon depositing legal tender notes with the United States treasurer equal to 30 per cent. of the circulating notes applied for. These circulating notes shall be in denominations of \$10 and multiples of ten, and shall be uniform in design.

Section 3 levies a duty of 1/4 per cent. for each half year upon the average amount of a bank's notes in circulation.

Section 4 provides for the mode of redemption and retirement of a bank's circulation.

Section 5 creates the safety fund for the prompt redemption of circulating notes of failed national banks. Each bank shall pay to the United States treasurer in the months of January and July in each year a tax of 1/4 per cent. for each half-year upon the average amount of its circulating notes outstanding until said fund amounts to 5 per cent. of the total amount of national bank notes outstanding, and thereafter said tax shall cease. A bank retiring or reducing its circulation shall be entitled to withdraw any part of this fund. The mode of procedure in case of a bank's failure is outlined.

Section 6 allows the secretary of the treasury to invest money belonging to the safety fund in United States bonds.

Section 7 provides that on July 1, 1895, national banks now having bonds on deposit may withdraw them and substitute the 30 per cent. guarantee fund.

Section 8 repeals previous acts conflicting with this measure.

Section 9 provides that the secretary of the treasury may, in his discretion, redeem and retire United States legal tender notes; that no United States or treasury notes authorized by the act of July 1, 1890, of a denomination of less than \$10 shall be issued.

Section 10 states that banks duly organized under the laws of any state which transact no other than a banking business shall be exempt from taxation under the laws of the United States under certain conditions regulating state banks.

Section 11 provides that state banks shall not issue notes similar in design to United States notes or certificates or national bank notes.

Thursday's Session.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—There was again a large attendance at the meeting of the house committee on banking and currency Thursday morning. A number of eastern bankers and financiers were present and presented their views on the Carlisle and Baltimore plans.

Mr. Ferris' Ideas.

A letter was read from R. B. Ferris, vice president of the Bank of New York. It said:

"There seems to be no good reason why existing national banks who have United States bonds on deposit with the comptroller should not be allowed to continue as they are until their charters expire or the deposited bonds are paid off. Section 7 of Mr. Carlisle's bill seems like forcing the banks to do what they have not been consulted about."

Mr. Ferris advocated the establishment of central redemption agencies, which would, he thought, enhance the elasticity of circulation based on a deposit of bonds. Referring to section 10 of the Carlisle bill, providing for the issue of notes by state banks without the provision of a sinking fund, Mr. Ferris said:

"It makes the bill simply an inflation measure modified by the deposit of 30 per cent. in legal tender notes and the provision to cancel United States notes to the extent of 70 per cent. of new circulation issued when the treasury has the means to do it."

Banker Cornwell's Views.

William C. Cornwell, president of the City Bank of Buffalo, N. Y., and president of the New York State Bankers' association, said his recommendations were as follows:

1. The greenback and treasury notes should be redeemed and canceled; the real business of the government as regards money is to stamp upon gold and silver their fineness and weight. A government has no right to issue paper with nothing back of it, and to make it legal tender—to create a currency and by an act of law force the people to take it at full value without regard to the intrinsic worth. All such issues up to date have ended in trouble. The greenbacks and treasury notes are of this character. They are the government's notes to the extent of \$500,000,000, payable on demand and in gold. They have caused trouble enough already. They are a constant menace to the gold reserve. They should be paid up.

2. The vacancy should be filled with bank notes. The best currency of the best nations to-day is mainly bank notes, which are a first lien upon the assets of the bank. These assets are commercial possessions, representing the product of the brain and muscle of millions of people. They are the wealth of the nation. What better basis for circulation can there be than this—the actual wealth of the nation?

3. To perfect the system further and make out of the complicated and delicate problems attending this an impartial expert commission should be appointed.

Editor Dodge's Talks.

The next speaker was Mr. W. Dodge, of New York, editor of the Journal of Commerce. He said that it will be manifestly desirable to adopt a course least calculated to disturb existing banking arrangements that need no change, but that the power of issuing notes should be conceded to the banks operating under state laws, conditioned upon the terms that they shall conform to the terms of issue imposed upon the national banks, thereby securing from all banks a uniform circulation. He continued:

"Any course short of this would be not only a political injustice but an unwarrantable discrimination against a class of banks in every way deserving the privilege and upon whose operations the business interests of the country are largely dependent. The state banks of the country have a total capital of about \$275,000,000 and are the custodians of \$750,000,000 of the people's deposits. Their capital bears a ratio of 30 per cent. to their loans, while in the case of the national banks the proportion is only 33 per cent., and their ratio of capital to deposits is 37 per cent., which is identical with that of the national institutions."

Regarding the proposal of Secretary Carlisle that banks be required to keep a reserve on account of deposits, he said that when banks are pressed by emergencies they have more respect for their interests than to hesitate to disregard the statute, which means that in practice the reserve law falls of its purposes. Some panics might have been wholly avoided had banks been free to use their money resources according to their discretion. So that the result designed to protect bank depositors really imperiled them.

CANADA'S PREMIER DEAD.

Sir John Thompson Suddenly Called at Windsor, England.

WINDSOR, England, Dec. 14.—Sir John Thompson, the Canadian prime minister, expired at Windsor, Wednesday, after the meeting of the privy council at which he was sworn in as a member.

Sir John Thompson's death occurred at 1:45 p. m. His attack lasted fifteen minutes, he having been stricken at 1:30. After attending the privy council meeting Sir John adjourned with the ministers and others to luncheon. Shortly after this he became suddenly ill and expired immediately.



SIR JOHN THOMPSON.

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"Now, Johnny," said the arithmetic teacher, "suppose that one man were to put a stone two feet thick on top of another like stone, and the next day another on top of that, and keep on thus for seventy years, what would be the result?" "I dunno," replied the student, "but I guess he'd have a pretty good start for a new post office."

"Body Rested, Mind at Ease."

That is what it is when traveling on the fast trains of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway; besides there is no chance to "kick," for the accommodations are up to date, the trains keep moving right along and get there on time. These lines thoroughly cover the territory between Chicago, La Crosse, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Aberdeen, Mitchell, Sioux Falls, Sioux City, Yankton, Council Bluffs, Omaha and Northern Michigan. All the principal cities and towns in that territory are reached by the "St. Paul" lines, connecting at St. Paul, Council Bluffs and Omaha with all lines for points in the far west. Write to George H. Headford, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago, Ill., for one of their new map time tables and a brochure giving a description of the Compartment Sleeping Cars. Tickets furnished by any coupon ticket agent in the United States and Canada. The finest dining cars in the world are run on the solid vestibuled, electric-lighted and steam-heated trains of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

BERGANT—"Meier, just imagine yourself to be standing sentry at the outposts one evening. Suddenly a figure approaches you from behind, and you feel yourself clasped by a pair of powerful arms. What call will you give?" Soldier—"Come, Marie, let me loose."—Megendorfers Blätter.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm. West & Traux, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Wadling, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free. Hall's Family Pills, 25c.

SHE—"I took you for an actor the first time I saw you." Henry de Courcy Footlights—"And where was that?" SHE—"I saw you walking down Broadway with yourself."—Life.

Two at a Birth.

In conjunction with the first appearance of the infant, 1895, will be issued a new Almanac relating to Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, published at Pittsburgh, by The Hostetter Company, in English, German, French, Welsh, Norwegian, Swedish, Holland, Bohemian and Spanish, and obtainable free of all druggists and country dealers. Besides the matter descriptive of the Bitters, it will contain accurate calendar and astronomical calculations, illustrations, jokes, verses, statistics and other interesting matter.

"The people in the next flat are great music lovers." "How do you know?" They never sing or play." "No, but they've complained to the landlord about the people in the house who do."—Chicago Inter Ocean.

MR. GREATHREAD, the landlord, says he prefers as tenants experienced chess players, because it is so seldom they move.—Boston Transcript.

\$6.00 to California.

Is price of double berth in Tourist Sleeping Car from Chicago on the famous "Phillips-Rock Island Tourist Excursions." Through cars on fast trains leave Chicago Tuesdays via Ft. Worth and El Paso, and Thursdays via Seaside Route. Write for particulars to A. P. PHILLIPS & Co., 104 Clark St., Chicago. JOHN SEBASTIAN, G. P. A., Chicago.

THERE are a good many people who are well enough in their weight, but the coal man is not among them.

Double the Quantity, Same Price.

Such is the highly important change made by the proprietors of that standard remedy, Perry Davis' Pain-Killer, for internal and external use. This will be very acceptable to the public, and will doubtless result in a largely increased demand for this justly popular preparation.

HEAVEN and earth light in vain against a dance.—Schiller.

I CAN recommend Piso's Cure for Consumption to sufferers from Asthma.—E. D. TOWNSEND, Ft. Howard, Wis., May 4, '94.

DO YOU EXPECT To Become a Mother?

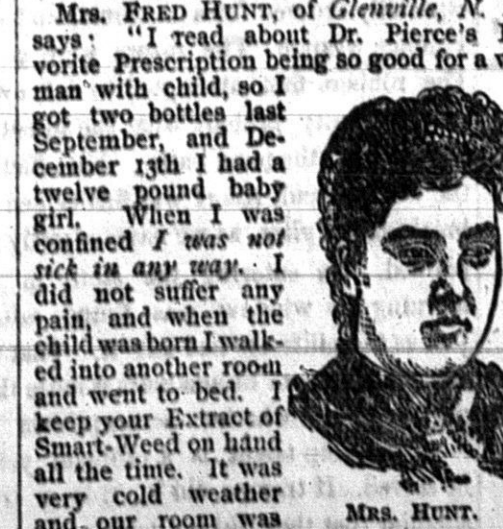
If so, then permit us to say that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is indeed, a true "Mother's Friend," FOR IT MAKES Childbirth Easy by preparing the system for parturition, thus assisting Nature and shortening "Labor." The painful ordeal of childbirth is robbed of its terrors, and the dangers thereof greatly lessened, to both mother and child. The period of confinement is also greatly shortened, the mother strengthened and built up, and an abundant secretion of nourishment for the child promoted.

Send to cents for a large book (168 pages), giving all particulars. Address, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, 653 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y.

PAINLESS CHILDBIRTH.

Mrs. FRED HUNT, of Glenville, N. Y., says: "I read about Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription being so good for a woman with child, so I got two bottles last September, and December 13th I had a twelve pound baby girl. When I was confined I was not sick in any way. I did not suffer any pain, and when the child was born I walked into another room and went to bed. I kept your Extract of Smart-Weed on hand all the time. It was very cold weather and our room was very cold but I did not take any cold, and never had any after-pain or other pain. It was all due to God and Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and Compound Extract of Smart-Weed. This is the eighth living child and the largest of them all. I suffered everything that flesh could suffer with the other babies. I always had a doctor and then he could not help me very much, but this time my mother and my husband were alone with me. My baby was only seven days old when I got up and dressed and left my room and stayed up all day."

PAINLESS CHILDBIRTH.



Mrs. HUNT.

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IN all receipts for cooking requiring a leavening agent the ROYAL BAKING POWDER, because it is an absolutely pure cream of tartar powder and of 33 per cent. greater leavening strength than other powders, will give the best results. It will make the food lighter, sweeter, of finer flavor and more wholesome.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

SHE—"Were you ever at the top of the Washington monument?" HE—"Ah, yes, once; a dreadful experience. I had to come right down, y' know; it made me so light-headed." SHE—"Poor fellow! And you never got over it."—Chicago Record.

DROPSY is a dread disease, but it has lost its terrors to those who know that H. H. Green & Sons, the Dropsy Specialists of Atlanta, Georgia, treat it with such great success. Write them for pamphlet giving full information.

"I set four pies out on the window sill to cool," said Mrs. Hunter to her husband, "and they have all been stolen." "Then we must number them among the lost tarts," was the philosophical reply.

McVicker's Theater, Chicago. "On the Mississippi" will remain at McVicker's three weeks longer. It will be the holiday attraction. Secure seats by mail.

"I AM summoned to another climb," said the bellboy as the indicator announced a call from the top floor.—Philadelphia Record.

CURE your cough with Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

THEY ARE THAT WAY.—Kitty—"Oh, Mr. Flirtly is so tender, isn't he?" Judith—"Yes—pretender."—Detroit Free Press.

A PAPER that is always full of good points—a paper of needles.

Hall's Catarrh Cure Is a Constitutional Cure. Price 75c.

Be on Guard against imitations of *Pearline*. When they are not dangerous, they are worthless. They are usually both. *Pearline* does what nothing else can. It saves labor in washing, and insures safety to what is washed. It is cheap, thorough and reliable. Nothing else will "do as well;" it is just as well to have nothing else.

Beware Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as" *Pearline*. IT'S FALSE—*Pearline* is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of *Pearline*, do the honest thing—send it back. 25c JAMES FYLE, New York.

THE TUB THAT STANDS ON ITS OWN BOTTOM

SANTA CLAUS SOAP

BECAUSE ITS THE BEST PUREST AND MOST ECONOMICAL

Sold everywhere made by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY Chicago.

PISO'S CURE FOR GOUT WHEN ALL ELSE FAILS Best Gout Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

A. N. K.—A 1531

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Chelsea Steam Laundry,

S. A. Mapes, Prop.,

North Street, West., - Chelsea, Michigan.

Next Tuesday being Christmas our Laundry will be closed all day. Our patrons should bear this in mind and get their work in early.

Respectfully,

S. A. MAPES.

Goods Called For and Delivered.

JOHN BAUMGARDNER,

Designer and Builder of

* Artistic Granite Memorials. *

Office, 6 Detroit St., Ann Arbor, Mich.

Established 1868.

We keep on hand large quantities of all the various granites in the rough, and are prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice. Original Designs. Correspondence Solicited. Electric Works 6, 8, 10 Detroit St., and 17-19 5th Ave. Dock and Derrick 2-8 Miller Ave.



GEO. E. DAVIS,

Everybody's
Auctioneer.

Auctioneer!!

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HERALD OFFICE.

FRANK SHAVER,

Proprietor of the

City Barber Shop & Bath Rooms

Babcock building, N. Main St.

CHelsea, - MICHIGAN.

\$40.00 PER WEEK

FOR

WILLING WORKERS

of either sex, any age, in any part of the country, at the employment which we furnish. You need not be away from home over night. You can give your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. As capital is not required you run no risk. We supply you with all that is needed. It will cost you nothing to try the business. Any one can do the work. Beginners make money from the start. Failure is unknown with our workers. Every hour you labor you can easily make a dollar. No one who is willing to work fails to make more money every day than can be made in three days at any ordinary employment. Send for free book containing the fullest information.

H. HALLETT & CO.,
Box 220,
PORTLAND, MAINE.

It...

Is a well-known fact that judicious advertising always pays—especially news-paper advertising. If you put your "ad" in the right paper your business will grow, because people will see that you are alive, and they would rather deal with a live man than a corpse. If you advertise in this paper you will find that it

Pays.

Store to Rent.

The best Grocery Stand in Chelsea. Also rooms over Store. Furnished as desired. Inquire of J. P. Wood. 36

Probate Order.
STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, held at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Friday, the 17th day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four. Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Jacob Heeselschwerdt, deceased. On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Eva Mary Heeselschwerdt praying that the administration of said estate may be granted to herself or some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered that Monday, the 17th day of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this Order to be published in the Chelsea Herald, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

J. WILLARD BABBITT,
Judge of Probate.

[A true copy.]
WM. G. DOTY, Probate Register.

W. L. DOUGLAS
\$3 SHOE. IS THE BEST.
NO SQUEAKING.

And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the Best in the World. See descriptive advertisement which appears in this paper. Take as Substitute. Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by

W. F. Riemenschneider & Co.

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Unlabeled Items.

Mr. F. S. May is now the owner of a new carriage.

James Little visited his brother Sam. at Jackson last week.

Will Mills, who has been sick for some time, is now on the gain.

Steve Hadley who broke his leg some time ago is now able to be out on crutches.

Mable Hartsuff returned home last week after spending two or three weeks in Jackson and Parma.

The Y. P. S. C. E. will give an entertainment in the hall Christmas eve. All are invited to attend.

There was no school in the Watts district last week on account of the teacher's little daughter being sick.

After a long illness G. S. May passed away Sunday afternoon. He was 68 years of age, and leaves a wife and five children to mourn his loss. He was born in the state of New York, but has lived in Michigan for forty years. The funeral was held at the M. E. church Tuesday afternoon.

Notice.

I, J. W. Bennett, proprietor of Dexter House, Dexter, have opened up my barn and will run a strictly first class feed barn in connection with hotel. Will be glad to see old customers and lots of new ones and give them a hearty welcome. Satisfaction guaranteed. An experienced horse-man in attendance.

J. W. BENNETT, Dexter.

The Columbia Desk Calendar.

For ten years the desk calendar issued by the Pope Manufacturing Company has held unique place among business helpers. Each daily leaf during that time has taught its quite lesson of the value of better roads and outdoor exercise, and especially the benefits of bicycling. The calendar for 1895, which is just issued, is even brighter than its predecessors in appearance, as clever artist have added dainty silhouette and sketch to the usual wise and witty contributions that have heretofore given this popular calendar its charm. It can be had for five 2-cent stamps from the Pope Manufacturing Company, Hartford, Conn., or from any Columbia bicycle agency.

Specimen Cases.

S. H. Clifford, New Cassel, Wis., was troubled with Neuralgia and Rheumatism, his stomach was disordered, his Liver was affected to an alarming degree, appetite fell away, and he was terribly reduced in flesh and strength. Three bottles of Electric Bitters cured him.

Edward Shepherd, Harrisburg, Ill., had a running sore on his leg of eight years' standing. Used three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and his leg is sound and well. John Speaker, Catawba, O., had five large fever sores on his leg, doctors said he was incurable. One bottle Electric Bitters and one box Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him entirely. Sold by F. P. Glazier & Co.

Markets.

Chelsea, Dec. 19, 1894

Eggs, per dozen	18c
Butter, per pound	15c
Ons, per bushel	30c
Corn, per bushel	25c
Wheat, per bushel	50c
Potatoes, per bushel	40c
Apples, per bushel	50c
Onions, per bushel	35
Beans, per bushel	\$1.35

From the Grass Lake News: "Last Tuesday night the hardware store of E. J. Foster in this village was entered by burglars. A pane of glass in the rear window was broken, whereby the thieves were enabled to turn the fastener and raise the sash. On getting inside they proceeded to a show case from which a revolver or two were abstracted and a few razors. Nothing else is missing. The money drawer, which contained three or four dollars, was not disturbed. Probably the value of the articles taken will not much exceed \$10. One of the revolvers carried away had been especially ordered for a customer and was a choice weapon. The razors were good. The robbers first attempted to cut away the hard putty, probably with the intention of removing the pane entire, but finding the work difficult resort was finally had to breaking the glass, as we have already explained. On entering the store in the morning the window was found raised, just as the pilferers had left it. That the job was the work of amateurs is more than probable, but whether accomplished by local or tramp talent, is a problem yet to be solved. If tramps did it, it is a trifle singular that they did not take away more plunder, as a good deal of pocket cutlery, silver-plated spoons, knives, forks, etc., were in the show cases readily accessible. It may turn out that the thieves do not live a thousand miles from Grass Lake."

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ARE YOU? Nervous and despondent; weak or debilitated; tired mornings; no ambition—lifeless; memory poor; easily fatigued; excitable and irritable; eyes sunken, red and bloodshot; pimples on face; dreams and night terrors; restless; haggard looking; weak back; bone pains; hair loose; sore throat; varicose; deposits in urine and drains at stool; distrustful; want of confidence; lack of energy and strength—WE CAN CURE YOU!

RESTORED TO MANHOOD BY DRs. K. & K.

JOHN A. MANLIN, JOHN A. MANLIN, CHAS. POWERS, CHAS. POWERS.



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- | NAME OF DISEASE. | PRICE. |
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| 2-Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic. | .25 |
| 3-Whooping Cough, Crying, Wakefulness. | .25 |
| 4-Diarrhoea, of Children or Adults. | .25 |
| 5-Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic. | .25 |
| 6-Cholera Morbus, Vomiting. | .25 |
| 7-Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis. | .25 |
| 8-Nervousness, Toothache, Faceache. | .25 |
| 9-Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo. | .25 |
| 10-Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation. | .25 |
| 11-Suppressed or Painful Periods. | .25 |
| 12-Whites, Too Profuse Periods. | .25 |
| 13-Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness. | .25 |
| 14-Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions. | .25 |
| 15-Exanthema, or Rheumatic Pains. | .25 |
| 16-Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague. | .25 |
| 17-Piles, Blind or Bleeding. | .25 |
| 18-Ophthalmia, Sore or Weak Eye. | .25 |
| 19-Catarra, Influenza, Cold in the Head. | .25 |
| 20-Whooping Cough. | .25 |
| 21-Itching, Oppressed Breathing. | .25 |
| 22-Sore Throat, Enlarged Glands, Swelling. | .25 |
| 23-Scrofula, Enlarged Glands, Swelling. | .25 |
| 24-General Debility, Physical Weakness. | .25 |
| 25-Dropsy, and Scanty Secretions. | .25 |
| 26-Sore Glands, Swelling from Riding. | .25 |
| 27-Kidney Diseases. | .25 |
| 28-Nervous Debility. | .25 |
| 29-Sore Mouth, or Canker. | .25 |
| 30-Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed. | .25 |
| 31-Painful Periods. | .25 |
| 32-Diseases of the Heart, Palpitation. | 1.00 |
| 33-Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance. | 1.00 |
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MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Time table taking effect Nov. 18th, 1894.

90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passenger Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

GOING EAST.

Detroit Night Express.....5:10 A.M.

Grand Rapids Express.....10:35 A.M.

Mail and Express.....5:15 P.M.

GOING WEST.

Mail and Express.....5:17 A.M.

Grand Rapids Express.....6:30 P.M.

Chicago Night Express.....10:55 P.M.

W. W. MARTIN, Agent, Chelsea.

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